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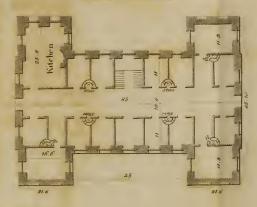


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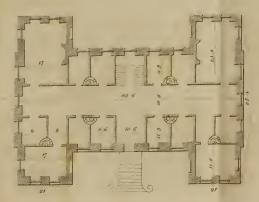




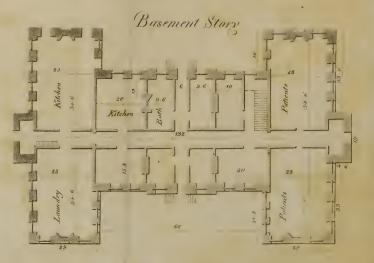
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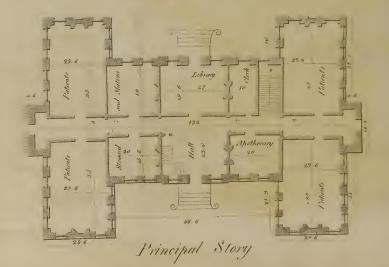
ASYLUM



Principal Story



HOSPITAL





ACCOUNT

OF THE

NEW-YORK

HOSPITAL.

NEW-YORK:

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AN ACCOUNT

OF THE

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.

SECTION I.

An Historical and Descriptive Sketch of the Institution.

IN the year 1770, a number of the most respectable and public spirited inhabitants of the city of New-York, subscribed considerable sums of money, for the purpose of erecting and establishing a public Hospital; and a petition was presented by Peter Middleton, John Jones and Samuel Bard, * three eminent physicians, to Lieutenant Governor Colden, then commander in chief of the province of New-York, for a charter of incorporation, which was, in consequence, granted, the following year, by the Earl of Dunmore, governor and commander in chief of the province.

By this charter, dated the 13th July, 1776, the mayor, recorder, aldermen and assistants, of the city of New-York, the rector of Trinity Church, the different ministers of the several other protestant churches, the president of King's (now Columbia) College, and the principal and most respectable inha-

^{*} From the following extract from a medical difcourfe, delivered by Dr. Middleton, in King's (now Columbia) College, on the 3d November, 1769, it appears that the first suggestion relative to the establishment of an Hospital was made by Dr. Bard. "The necessity and usefulness," says Dr. Middleton, "of a "public infirmary, has been so warmly and pathetically set forth, in a discourse delivered by Dr. Samuel Bard, at the commencement in May last, that his excellency, Sir Henry Moore, immediately set on foot a subscription for that purpose, to which himself and most of the gentlemen present liberally contributed. "His excellency also recommended it, in the most pressing manner to the assembly of the province, as an object worthy of their attention; and the corporation of the city have given assured for granting a very valuable and commodious lot of ground for erecting the building upon; so that there is now, as most a certain prospect of this benevolent and humane foundation son taking place: And as it is to be on the most catholic and unexceptionable plan, it is to be hoped, that it will meet with the countenance and encouragement of every compassionate and good member of society, whatever party or denomination he may choose to be distinguished by, on other occasions."

bitants of the city, were named as members, and incorporated, by the name of the "Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America."* Twenty-six governors were also named, for the management of the affairs and business of the Institution, who held their first meeting, on the 25th July, 1771.

Through the influence of Doctor fohn Fothergill and Sir William Duncan, considerable contributions were made to the society, by many inhabitants of the city of London, and other places in Great-Britain; and in 1772, the legislature of the province of New-York granted an annual allowance of 800 pounds (2,000 dollars) in aid of the institution, for twenty

years.

In 1773, the governors of the hospital purchased of Mrs. Barclay and Mr. Rutgers ground for the erection of a suitable edifice. A plan of a building having been procured by Dr. Jones, the foundation was laid, the 27th July, 1773; but on the 28th February, 1775, when it was almost completed, the building accidentally took fire, and was nearly consumed.

By this misfortune, the society suffered a loss of seven thousand pounds; and the execution of their benevolent plan would have been wholly suspended, had not the legislature, in March, 1775, generously granted them the sum of four thousand pounds, towards rebuilding the house, and repairing the loss they had sustained. But the war between Great-Britain and the Colonies, which took place in the same year, prevented the completion of the edifice. During the war, the house was occupied by the British and Hessian soldiers, as barracks, and occasionally, as an hospital.

The effects of the war on the circumstances of our citizens, and the general derangement of affairs, prevented any attention to the institution; and it was not until the 3d January, 1791, that the house was in a proper condition to receive pa-

tients, when eighteen were admitted.

The annuity granted by the provincial legislature, ceased with the commencement of hostilities between Great-Britain and the colonies; but the legislature of the state, on the 1st March, 1788, directed eight hundred pounds, during four years, from the 1st February, 1788, to be paid to the hospital, out of the monies arising from the excise in the city of Newvork. And the legislature, by a subsequent act, passed the 11th April, 1792, for the better support of the hospital, granted

^{*} By an act of the Legislature, passed March 9th, 1810, the name of the corporation has been changed to that of " The Society of the New-York Hospital."

two thousand pounds a year, for five years, payable out of the city excise.

By an act, passed the 31st March, 1795, the legislature repealed the act of the 11th April, 1792, as to future payments, and granted to the hospital four thousand pounds, annually, for the years, payable out of the duties on sales at public auction, in the city of New-York. An additional sum of one thousand pounds, a year, for four years, was granted 11th April, 1796, payable out of the same fund. And on the 20th March, 1801, the annual allowance of 12,500 dollars was

continued for five years, from 1st February, 1800.

By an act passed the 30th March, 1797, for the establishment and support of a Lazaretto, the masters and wardens of the port of New-York, were authorized to receive of the masters, officers, seamen and passengers of every vessel entering the port of New-York, a certain sum for each person, which was directed to be paid to the commissioners of the health office, for the relief of sick seamen and foreigners admitted into the Lazaretto; and the surplus, if any, was directed to be paid to the governors of the hospital, for the relief of such seamen and foreigners, as might be patients of the Hospital.

By an act, passed April 1, 1796, for regulating the port of New-York, the harbour-master was directed to pay certain fines therein mentioned to the treasurer of the New-York Hos-

pital.

By an arrangement between the treasury department of the United States, and the Hospital, made in 1799, the sick and disabled seamen at the port of New-York, are received into the Hospital, and enjoy all its advantages. The collector of the port, under the direction of the secretary of the treasury of the United States, pays out of the hospital money collected and received by him, three dollars per week, for the board and maintenance of each seaman, including medicine and other

charges.

But the collector, since July, 1804, has refused to pay for more than 75 seamen, at any one time. The governors, however, considering every seaman who has paid hospital-money to the collector of the United States, as having a just claim on the government of the United States for hospital relief, have not hitherto refused admittance to seamen, beyond the number limited; trusting to the justice of the national legislature, for remuneration of the sums expended, in the support of such seamen, beyond the amount received from the collector.* With-

[•] The number of feamen who received the benefits of this infitution, during the years 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, and 1810, beyond the number limited by

out the aid which has thus been afforded to them, many of this useful and meritorious, though careless and improvident class of men, must have been abandoned, in disease and poverty, to

the casual and precarious relief of common charity.

In 1801, an agreement was made between the New-York Hospital and the governors of the Lying-in-Hospital, by which the existing funds of the latter were to be paid to the use of the former institution, on condition that a lying-in ward should be established; and a suitable ward for that purpose was accordingly fitted up and opened for the reception of patients.

In consequence of the recommendation of the medical faculty of Columbia College, the governors of the hospital, in August, 1796, appropriated the sum of 500 dollars towards the purchase of a medical library; to which the members of that faculty contributed books from their private libraries, and part of their fees of public instruction. An hospital library was thus established, which was further augmented by the purchase of the medical library of Dr. Romayne, in 1800, and by the accession, in 1805, of the library of a private association of physicians, under the name of the Medical Society of New-York, who gave their books, on condition, that they and such of their sons, as should become practitioners of medicine in the city of New-York, should have the free use of the hospital library. In 1805, the governors appropriated the annual sum of 250 dollars, for the purchase of books; and large additions have been made to it, by purchases and donations, from time to time; so that, including the valuable botanical library of Dr. Hosack, lately purchased, the Hospital library now contains about 3,000 volumes, among which are some of the rarest and most valuable works in medical science.

As there existed no institution in the state, for the reception and cure of lunatics, the governors were induced to appropriate apartments in the hospital for patients of that description; but as the building was not designed for that purpose, the accommodations were found to be extremely inconvenient and inadequate; and the applications for the admission of lunatics, constantly increasing, it was resolved, in 1806, if the legislature would lend its aid for that purpose, by further contribution, or by giving greater permanence to the existing allowance, to erect a separate building, to be exclusively appropriated to the reception of that unfortunate class of persons.

the collector, was 843. And the whole charge of their maintenance, at the rate of three dollars per week, during those five years, amounts to 9,500 dollars; for which sum, nothing has yet been received by the Hospital.

An application was accordingly made to the legislature, who passed an act, on the 14th March, 1806, continuing the annual provision for the Hospital, payable out of the duties on sales at auction, in the city of New-York, until the year 1857. The governors immediately proceeded to lay the foundation of the proposed edifice, denominated the "Lunatic Asylum," which was completed, so as to be open for the reception of patients, on the 15th July, 1808, when nineteen were removed from the other building, and forty-eight more admitted, making in the whole sixty-seven. The whole cost of the asylum was about fifty-six thousand dollars.

To complete the plan of the Hospital and render it more extensively useful, it is desirable, that another building should be erected, on the northerly side of the ground, corresponding with the lunatic asylum, which besides accommodating a greater number of patients, would furnish apartments for an anatomical museum, a more spacious theatre for surgical operations, and apartments for other useful objects, connected with the institution; but the execution of this design will depend on the increase of the funds of the hospital, which have been exhausted, by the building of the asylum, and in necessary repairs and improvements. The governors, however, indulge the hope, that by the aid of the legislature, and private contributions, this part of their plan may yet be accomplished.

To assist the governors to discharge the debts contracted in building the *asylum*, the legislature by an act, passed the 23d March, 1810, granted to the hospital the sum of 3,500 dollars per annum, for ten years, payable quarterly, out of the duties on goods sold at auction in the city of New-York.

The institution is under the management of twenty-six governors, who meet on the first Tuesday in every month, at the

Hospital; their services are gratuitous.

Persons labouring under incurable ailments, or diseases of any kind are not admitted into the hospital; being regarded as fitter objects for the alms-house; and because their admission might, after a time, defeat the very purpose of the institution, which is intended as an infirmary, for the reception and cure of such as require medical or surgical treatment, in common diseases and accidents, the restraint and management requisite for lunacy, and the care, nursing and attendance necessary for lying-in women. Sick women who have young children, are not received with their children, unless the child, as well as the mother, is a proper patient. Persons having the small-pox, measles or any infectious or contagious disease, are not admitted; but they are sometimes received as out-patients, and attended by the physicians of the hospital.

Every applicant for admission, must bring with him a recommendation from one of the governors, or a physician or surgeon of the hospital, except in behalf of lunatics, when the application must be made to the committee of the lunatic asylum. In cases of sudden accidents, patients may be received by the superintendent, without a recommendation, until the next meeting of the visiting committee, who decide on the propriety of the patient's remaining in the house. A governor, physician or surgeon may also give a special recommendation in cases requiring the immediate admission of a patient. Citizens of this state, not resident in the city, who are desirous of being admitted, must be recommended by a justice of the peace, and by one or more of the overseers of the poor, of the city or town in which they reside. An account also of their diseases should be drawn up by a physician or surgeon, and sent with them.

A visiting committee, consisting of three governors, attend the hospital on Tuesday and Friday in every week, at 11 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of admitting patients, who are previously examined by one of the attending physicians or surgeons, or by the house-physician or house-surgeon. Such patients as are unable to pay for their board and maintenance, are received as paupers; but such as are able to pay, in part or in whole, are admitted as pay-patients, on such terms as may be agreed on by the visiting committee, who take security for the performance. This committee have the general care and charge of the hospital, receive all applications or complaints, and direct all the officers and servants in the discharge of their respective duties.

There is also an inspecting committee consisting of two governors, who visit the Hospital at least once a week, to inquire whether the bye-laws and regulations relative to the management and economy of the house are duly observed and carried into effect; and particularly to examine into the conduct of the officers, servants, and nurses, to see that the patients have not been neglected, and to hear their complaints, and to report them, with their observations, to the governors, at their next meeting.

The lunatic asylum is under the immediate charge of a committee of three governors, who admit and discharge all patients of that description. By an agreement made with the commissioners of the alms-house, in the city of New-York, lunatics are received from that charity, at the rate of two dollars per week, which barely defrays the actual cost of their maintenance, exclusive of medicine, clothing, and funeral expenses.

By the third section of the act of the legislature, passed the

24th March, 1807, the overseers of the poor of any city or town, by and with the consent of the common council of such city, or two justices of the peace of the county, in which such town shall be, whenever any poor person, legally settled in any such city or town, and maintained at the public charge, and who were or shall become lunatic or insane, may contract with the governors of the Hospital, for the care and maintenance of such lunatic, on such terms as they may deem meet, and transport such lunatic to the Hospital; and the sums agreed on are to be paid to the Hospital, by the overseers of such city or town, who are to enter the same in the poor book, with the cost and charges of removal to and from the Hospital, in like manner as provided by "the act for the relief and settlement of the poor;" provided that the place of settlement of such lunatic shall remain as before removal, and that idiots, or such persons as are not lunatic or insane, are not to be sent to the Hospital.

The governors have agreed to admit such lunatics from the different counties, on the same terms, as they are received

from the alms-house in the city of New-York.

There are six physicians and four surgeons who attend the Hospital. They are selected from the most eminent of the profession and appointed by the governors. One physician is required to visit every medical patient, afflicted with any acute disease, at least once a day, and oftener, if necessary; and every medical patient, without distinction, must be visited, at least three times a week. One surgeon must visit the Hospital, at least, three times a week, and every surgical patient, once a week, at least. The physicians and surgeons perform these services gratis. The incidental advantages of such an appointment, in regard to their profession, afford them some remuneration.

There are, also, a house-physician and a house-surgeon, residing constantly in the Hospital, who are appointed for one year. They are generally young men, and the qualifications required, are, that they shall have attained twenty-one years of age, have been pupils of a practising physician or surgeon for three years, during which time, they must have attended a complete course of lectures in one of the colleges, have attended the daily practice of the Hospital for one year, and must be examined by the physicians and surgeons, and produce ample testimonials of their good moral character.

An apothecary is also appointed by the governors, who resides in the Hospital, and who must also be examined and recommended by the physicians and surgeons, and produce satis-

factory testimonials of his good character, before he is admitted. He has the charge of the apothecary's shop, and compounds and makes up all medicines prescribed, according to the directions of the physicians and surgeons. The house-physician and house-surgeon are required to visit the wards, at least, every morning and evening, and to be prepared to report the state of the patients to the attending physicians and surgeons; and they must see that the medicines prescribed are sent to the patients, and duly administered.

The Lunatic Asylum is attended by one physician, who has the sole charge of the medical treatment of the patients. He is required to visit the asylum, three times every week, at least, and oftener, if necessary. The present physician is Dr. Bruce, who has attended the asylum, since it was first

opened.

The superintendant, who is the steward of the Hospital, and the matron, are charged with the domestic management and

economy of the institution.

The ground on which the Hospital stands is an area, about 455 feet in length, and 440 feet in breadth, bounding, in front, on Broadway, in the rear, on Church-street, northerly, on Anthony-street, and southerly, on Duane-street. Part of this area, fronting on Broadway, is, at present, owned and occupied by individuals, leaving an avenue of about 90 feet, leading from Broadway, which is planted with a double row of trees. The whole of this ground ought to belong to the Hospital; and when it is considered how important it is to the institution, and how inconvenient and disagreeable, the immediate vicinity of the Hospital must be to those who may be disposed to erect dwelling-houses on those lots, it is hoped that the owners will prefer selling them to the Hospital, on reasonable terms, and that, in this instance, at least, private interest will yield to a sense of public good.

The ground belonging to the Hospital was inclosed with a

brick wall, in 1801.

The scite of the Hospital is elevated, being considerably above the level of Church-street, and about 600 yards distant from Hudson River. It is one of the most open and airy situations in the city, and possesses great advantages for the

enjoyment of fresh and salubrious breezes.

The principal building, denominated the Hospital, is of grey stone, and in the simple Doric style. It extends in front, 124 feet, is 50 feet deep in the centre, and 86 feet deep at the wings, which project on each side. It consists of three stories above the basement; a third story having been added in

1803, when it became necessary to put on a new roof. The height above the ground is about 52 feet. The basement story, which is about 10 feet high, contains a larger and a smaller kitchen, a laundry, bathing room, three store-rooms, and two wards fitted up for the temporary accommodation of patients whose particular disease renders it necessary to remove them from intercourse with others. The principal story is about 14 feet high. In the centre, is a hall and stair-case, a room for the governors, which contains the library, a parlour and bed room for the superintendant and matron, an apothecary's shop, and a room for the clerk. In each story of each wing are two wards, 36 feet in length, and 24 feet in breadth, opposite to each other, and opening into passages extending from one end of the house to the other, and communicating by a staircase. On the second and third floors of the centre, are rooms for the accommodation of the house-physician, house-surgeon, apothecary, and different officers and servants; in the second story, on the westerly side, is an apartment established as a lying-in ward; and in the third story, looking to the northwest, is the theatre for surgical operations, fitted up so as to accommodate about two hundred persons. It is well lighted, by a large window in the pediment, which has been substituted for a sky-light in the roof, by request of the surgeons. This building contains 16 wards, 36 feet long, and 24 feet broad, for the sick, in which about 300 patients may be accommodated. There are 23 other rooms of different dimensions, besides the lying-in ward and theatre for surgical operations.

The edifice is crowned with a handsome cupola, which affords a most extensive and picturesque view of the city, harbour and adjacent country. There is an excellent kitchengarden, and the grounds are laid out in walks, planted with fruit and ornamental trees, for the benefit of convalescent patients. There is also a large and well constructed ice-

house, a bathing house, and convenient stables.

The building denominated the Lunatic Asylum, is also of grey stone. It is situated on the southerly side of the ground, at a short distance from the principal building, and corresponding with it, in its exterior appearance and style of architecture. Being separate from the other house, the sick are not incommoded by the lunatics, who have separate yards inclosed, one for males, and the other for females, where such as can be trusted at large, are permitted to walk in the open air.

This building, on account of the declivity of the ground, has a sub-basement, besides a basement and two principal stories. Its length is 90 feet; it is 40 feet deep in the centre, and 65 feet, at the wings, which project 121 feet on each side. The sub-basement contains 10 rooms, 11 teet long and 8½ feet wide and 9 feet high; 3 rooms, 16½ feet long and 11½ feet wide, and a kitchen, 231 feet long and 161 feet wide. There is a hall running through the centre, from one end to the other, into which the doors of the rooms or cells open, opposite to the windows. This hall is paved with marble, and in it are fixed seven circular iron stoves, communicating with iron pipes fixed in brick flues, reaching to the top of the building; each flue passes through the corners of the rooms, so as, by means of iron doors and valves, to communicate heat to two rooms, in each story. All the rooms or cells, except the four largest, and those in the upper story, are arched with brick, and the walls are also brick, whitewashed; so that there is no wood, and the floors being filled in with brick, the building is completely fire-proof; and the patients, while they have sufficient heat, in the winter season, cannot possibly set fire to any part of the building, or injure themselves. basement story contains the same number of rooms, and of the same size with those in the sub-basement. In each of the two principal stories, are also 10 rooms, 11 feet long and 81 feet wide; two rooms, 17 feet long and 111 feet wide, and two rooms, 24 feet long and 17 feet wide, which open into a hall 11 feet wide. The height of the principal story is 14th, and of the upper story, 121 feet.

There is a yard inclosed, 75 feet in length and 65 feet in breadth, and another between the house and the street-wall, on the southerly side, about 200 feet long and 50 broad, in

which the patients take the air, and amuse themselves.

The height of the building, from the ground, in front, is about 46 feet. It contains 60 rooms of different dimensions, which will contain about eighty patients. The apartments are adapted for persons of every condition, the rich and the poor, equally subject to this worst of human miseries, who may be here accommodated according to their various circumstances in life.

From the year 1806, to the year 1810, both inclusive, 342 lunatics have been admitted into the asylum; of which 150 have been discharged, as cured; 24 relieved; 75 at the request of friends; 24 have eloped, and 33 have died; and on the first November, 1811, there were 59 patients remaining in the asylum.

The whole number of patients admitted into the hospital from the year 1792, to 1810, inclusive, is 13,753, of these 9,227 have been cured; 886 relieved; 646 discharged, at the request of friends; 458 as disorderly; 187 sent to the almshouse; 517 eloped, and 1676 have died—266 patients remained in the Hospital, at the end of the year 1810.

From the 1st February, 1792, to 31st January, 1795, a period of 3 years, 1221 patients were admitted, and 1169 discharged. From the 31st January, 1795, to 31st December, 1803, a period of 9 years, 4,760 were admitted, and 4,744 discharged. From 31st December, 1803, to 31st December, 1810, a period of 7 years, 7,772 were admitted.

This simple statement sufficiently shows the great and increasing utility of the institution; and it can scarcely be necessary to expatiate on the public good derived from its establishment.

Its benefits are too obvious to every benevolent and reflecting mind, to require the aid of particular description. Notwithstanding the provisions of the poor-laws, made for the relief of the indigent, in the different towns and counties, and the numerous charitable associations, public, and private, which reflect so much honour on the state, so numerous are the objects which solicit the aid of the benevolent, to mitigate their distress, so various are the accidents of life, and so diversified the forms of human misery, that such an institution is indispensible in the great system of public charity. Various causes conspire to render public hospitals peculiarly necessary in a great city, the capital of a commercial, populous, and flourishing state. It is there adventurers, and persons from distant countries resort, to better their fortunes, or to engage in more congenial pursuits. It is the capital which receives most of the emigrants from foreign countries, driven from their homes by poverty, misfortune, or crime; or impelled to seek, in a distant land, a more secure enjoyment of political and religious freedom, or a more advantageous exercise of their various trades and professions. The immense business carried on, in such a commercial and growing city, in navigation, ship-building, architecture, manufactures, and all the auxiliary arts and trades, while it attracts great numbers from the neighbouring states in search of employment, and the pursuit of gain, must give rise to frequent accidents and diseases, for which many, who are destitute of friends or relations, can find no cure or relief but in a public hospital.

There is another point of view in which this Hospital may also be regarded, as an institution of great public utility. The

central position of this city, in regard to other parts of the the United States, and its easy and convenient access, at all seasons, renders it an admirable situation for the establishment of an university of medicine. These natural advantages, though they have not, perhaps, been improved, as they ought to have been by the body of medical professors, have not been wholly overlooked, and the progress now making in the different branches of science, and in collecting the most extensive means of instruction, bids fair to give the medical school of New-York, a superiority over any other in the United States. Besides the various literary and scientific institutions in the city, the Hospital library, the valuable anatomical preparations of Dr. Post, professor of anatomy in Columbia College, the large and increasing cabinet of mineralogy, belonging to Dr. BRUCE, and the extensive botanic garden, established by Dr. Hosack, lately purchased by the state, furnish to students, excellent means of acquiring an accurate knowledge in those different branches of science. To this medical school, the Hospital is a powerful and almost indispensible auxiliary, by affording the best opportunity to students to improve themselves in the practice of medicine and surgery. To promote this important object, permission is given to the students who attend the lectures of the different professors in medicine and surgery, in the colleges, to see the practice of the Hospital, and to attend the clinical lecturers. who daily visit it, during the period of their clinical instruction.

The first course of clinical lectures was delivered by Dr. Samuel Bard, of Columbia College, and they were sucessively continued by the late Dr. William Pitt Smith, and Dr. John R. B. Rodgers, the present physician of the port. Since the establishment of the college of physicians and surgeons in the city of New-York, the professors of both colleges, being physicians of the Hospital, equally enjoy the benefits of this institution, for the purposes of clinical instruction. The present lecturers are Dr. Hamersley and Dr. Miller. Dr. Seaman, one of the surgeons of the Hospital, also delivers clinical lectures on surgery, during the winter season, and the governors permit him to use the theatre for that purpose.

Founded and supported on the principles of the Christian religion and general benevolence, without respect to any sects or distinctions, political, civil or religious, all persons, whose maladies render them fit objects of such a charity, are considered as equally entitled to the benefits of this Hos-

pital.

By this humane and useful institution, the rich and benevolent have it in their power to alleviate the real and unaffected misery of the poor, with the pleasing assurance, that while they are indulging the finest feelings of the heart, and fulfilling the great duty of christianity, their charity will not be abused, nor their bounty misapplied. Indeed, when the object of this bounty, and the manner in which it is bestowed, are considered, it must be a consoling reflection, that in no other way could private or public contributions be so efficaciously and beneficially applied, or produce so much real and unmixed good to the community.*

Hem. I give and bequeath to "The Society of the New-York Hospital," the fum of

^{*} It may not be improper to inform those who may feel disposed to contribute to this infiltration, by will, that the following is a proper form of a devise for that purpose.

SECTION II.

THE CHARTER.

GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the faith, and so forth.

To all to whom these Presents shall come, GREETING:

TATHEREAS our loving subjects, PETER MIDDLETON, JOHN JONES, and SAMUEL BARD, of our city of New-York, physicians, by their humble petition presented unto our trusty and well-beloved CADWALLADER COLDEN, Esq. our Lieutenant Governor, and then our commander in Chief. of our province of New-York, and the territories depending thereon in America, and read in our council for our said province, on the ninth day of March, which was in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy, did, among other things, in substance, set forth, that there had been a subscription set on foot by them, for the purpose of erecting a public Hospital in our said city of New-York, and that sundry public spirited persons, influenced by principles of benevolence, had liberally subscribed towards the same; that from the manifest utility of such an infirmary, the petitioners hoped for further contributions, and that some very considerable donations had been then already promised, in case the success of the Institution should be rendered probable; but that the said monies could not be conveniently collected, or the design prosecuted with vigour, unless a corporation should be formed for that purpose; and therefore the petitioners humbly prayed our Letters Patent, forming a corporation for the purposes aforesaid: now we, taking into our royal consideration the beneficial tendency of such an Institution within our said city, calculated for relieving the diseases of the indigent, and preserving the lives of many useful members of the community, are graciously pleased to grant the said humble request of our said loving subjects: know we therefore, that

we, of our special grace, certain knowledge and mere motion, have willed, given, granted, ordained, constituted and appointed, and by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, do will, give, grant, ordain, constitute and appoint, that the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Assistants of our city of New-York, in America, now and for the time being; the Rector of Trinity Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the President of King's College in our said city, now and for the time being; the Senior Minister of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the Minister of the ancient Lutheran Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the Minister of the French Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the Senior Minister of the Presbyterian Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the Minister of the Moravian Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the Minister of the German Reformed Calvinist Church in our said city now and for the time being; the Minister of the New-Lutheran Church in our said city, now and for the time being; the Minister of the Anabaptist Congregation in our said city, now and for the time being; the Minister of the Scotch Presbyterian Church in our said city, now and for the time being; and Sir William Johnson, Baronet, John Fothergill, of our city of London, in our kingdom of Great-Britain, physician; Daniel Horsmanden, John Watts, Oliver De Lancey, Charles Ward Apthorp, Roger Morris, William Smith, Hugh Wallace, Henry White, Robert R. Livingston, Andrew Elliott, Archibald Kennedy, Abraham Mortier, Philip Livingston, William Axtell, James Duane, John Morin Scott, Leonard Lispenard, Simon Johnson, Thomas Smith, William Bayard, Walter Rutherford, Alexander Colden, John Van Cortland, Augustus Van Cortland, William Livingston, Abraham Mesier, Richard Morris, John Bogert, and John Moore, all of our said city of New-York, esquires; Abraham Lott, esquire, treasurer of our said province; Peter Van Brugh Livingston, David Clarkson, Walter Franklin, Gerard William Beekman, William M'Adam, George Bowne, Nathaniel Marston, Lawrence Kortright, George Folliott, David Provoost, Cornelius Clopper, John Myer, David Van Horne, Thomas White, Charles M'Evers, Isaac Low, John Beekman, Richard Sharpe, Thomas Pearsall, Joshua Delaplane, Samuel Bowne, Isaac Sears, Samuel Broome, John Thurman, Jacob Watson, Lewis Pintard, Gerardus Duyckinck, James Beekman, Peter Goelet, William Ludlow, Nicholas Stuyvesant, John Harris Cruger, John Wetherhead, Theophilact Bache, Samuel Verplank, John

Crook, Grove Bend, John Alsop, Casper Wistar, Isaac Roosevelt, Evert Bancker, Gerrardus De Peyster, Henry Rutgers the younger, Henry Haydock, Gabriel H. Ludlow, Isaac Corsa, Thomas Buchannan, Andrew Bar-clay, John Livingston, Augustus Van Horne, Joseph Hallet, Peter Kettletas, Jacob Le Rov, and Abraham Duryee, all of our said city of New-York, merchants; William Brownjohn, of our said city of New-York, druggist; John Leake, of our said city of New-York, mariner: George Harrison, of our said city of New-York, brewer; Walter Du Bois, and Nicholas Jones, both of our said city of New-York, gentlemen; and Francis Basset, of our said city of New-York, pewterer; and such other persons as shall be elected and admitted hereafter members of the corporation hereby erected, be, and forever hereafter shall be, by virtue of these presents, one body corporate and politic, in deed, fact and name, by the name, stile and title of "The Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America," and them and their successors by the same name, we do by these presents. really and fully make, erect, create, constitute and declare one body politic and corporate, in deed, fact and name, for ever: and will give, grant and ordain that they and their successors, the Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America, by the same name, shall and may have perpetual succession; and shall and may, by the same name, be persons capable in the law to sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded. answer and be answered unto, defend and be defended in all courts, and elsewhere, in all manner of actions, suits, complaints, pleas, causes, matters and demands whatsoever, as fully and amply as any other our liege subjects of our said province of New-York, may or can sue or be sued, implead or be impleaded, defend or be defended by any lawful ways or means whatsoever. And that they and their successors, by the same name, shall for ever hereafter be persons capable and able in the law to purchase, take, hold, receive and enjoy to them and their successors any messuages, tenements, houses and real estate whatsoever, and all other hereditaments of whatsoever nature, kind and quality they be in fee simple, for term of life or lives, or in any other manner howsoever. And, also any goods chattels and personal estate whatsoever. Provided always, the clear yearly value of the said real estate doth not at any time exceed the sum of five thousand pounds sterling, lawful money of our kingdom of Great Britain, above all outgoings and reprises. And, that they and their successors, by the same name, shall have full power and authority to give, grant, sell, lease, demise and dispose of the

the same real estate and hereditaments whatsoever, for life or lives, or years or for ever. And also all goods, chattels, and personal estate whatsoever, at their will and pleasure, as they shall judge to be most beneficial and advantageous to the good and charitable ends and purposes above mentioned. And, that it shall and may be lawful for them and their successors, for ever hereafter, to have a common seal to serve for the causes and business of them and their successors, and the same seal to change, alter, break and make new, from time to time, at their will and pleasure. And our royal will and pleasure is, that when our said corporation hereby erected, shall have acquired, by the aid of the legislature of our said province of New-York, by the generous donations of the benevolent, and otherwise, a proper and convenient piece of ground in and near our said city of New-York, and funds sufficient, without injuring the said charity, to admit of the erecting an Hospital for the reception and relief of sick and diseased persons, that the said Society do erect within our said city of New-York, an Hospital for the said purposes; which we will shall for ever hereafter be called by the name of, " The New-York Hospital." And that it shall and may be lawful for our said corporation, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, to erect for their use and convenience, any other house, houses or buildings whatever. And, for the better carrying into execution the purposes aforesaid, our royal will and pleasure is, and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant, to the Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America. and their successors for ever, that there shall be for ever hereafter belonging to our said corporation, twenty-six Governors of the said Hospital and corporation, of whom there shall be taken and had one president, and one vice-president, and who shall conduct and manage the affairs and business of the said Hospital and corporation, in manner as hereafter is declared and appointed. And also, that there shall be for ever hereafter, one or more treasurer or treasurers, and one secretary. belonging to our said corporation. And for the more immediate carrying into execution our royal will and pleasure herein, we do hereby assign, constitute and appoint the aforesaid John Watts, Oliver De Lancey, Charles Ward Apthorp, Roger Morris, William Smith, Hugh Wallace, Henry White, Robert R. Livingston, Whitehead Hicks, Mayor of our said city of New-York, Andrew Elliot, Archibald Kennedy, Peter Van Brugh Livingston, David Clarkson, Abraham Mortier, Abraham Lott, Walter Franklin, Leonard Lispenard, Gerardus William Beekman, Philip Livingston, William M'Adam, George Bowne, William Axtel, Doctor John

Fothergill, Nathaniel Marston, Lawrence Kortright, and George Folliot, to be the present Governors of the said Hospital and corporation; the aforesaid John Watts, to be the present president; and the aforesaid Andrew Elliot, to be the present vice-president; the aforesaid Peter Van Brugh Livingston, to be the present treasurer; and the aforesaid John Moore, to be the present secretary of our corporation hereby erected. Which said Governors, president, vice-president, treasurer, and secretary, shall hold, possess and enjoy their said respective offices until the third Tuesday in May, now next ensuing. And, for the keeping up the succession in the said offices, our royal will and pleasure is, and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, establish, direct, and require of and give and grant to the said Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America, and their successors, for ever, that on the said third Tuesday in May now next ensuing, and yearly, and every year, for ever thereafter on the third Tuesday in May in every year, they and their successors, shall meet at the said Hospital, or at some other convenient place in our said city of New-York, to be fixed and ascertained by some of the bye-laws or regulations of our said corporation, and there, by the majority of such of them as shall so meet, shall by ballot, or in such other manner and form as shall be directed and established by any [of] the bye laws or regulations of our said corporation, elect and choose twenty-six of their members, to be governors of our said corporation and Hospital for the ensuing year: and also out of the said Governors so elected and chosen, shall elect and choose as aforesaid, one president, one vice-president, of our said corporation, for the ensuing year. And also, shall then and there, elect and choose, as aforesaid, one or more of the said Governors or members at large, of our said corporation, to be treasurer or treasurers of said corporation for the ensuing year, and another of the said members to be secretary for the ensuing year. Which said Governors, and other the officers aforesaid, of our said corporation, so elected, shall immediately enter upon their respective offices, and hold, exercise and enjoy the same respectively, from the time of such elections for and during the space of one year, and until other fit persons shall be elected and chosen in their respective places, according to the laws and regulations aforesaid. And in case any of the said persons by these presents nominated and appointed to the respective offices aforesaid, or who shall hereafter be elected and chosen thereto, respectively, shall die, or on any account be removed from such offices, respectively, before the time of their respective appointed services shall be expired, or refuse or neglect to act in and execute the office for which he or they shall be so elected and chosen, or is or are herein nominated and appointed; then our royal will and pleasure is, and we do hereby direct, ordain and require our said corporation, to meet at the place for the time being appointed, for the said annual elections, and choose other or others of the members of our said corporation, in the place and stead of him or them so dying, removed, refusing or neglecting to act, within thirty days next after such contingency; and in this case, for the more due and orderly conducting such elections, and to prevent any undue proceedings therein, we do hereby give full power and authority to, and ordain and require, that upon every vacancy in the office of president, the vice-president, and any five of the Governors of our said corporation and Hospital, for the time being; and upon every vacancy in the office of vice-president, Governor, and in any other the offices aforesaid, the president and any five of the said Governors for the time being, shall appoint the time for such election and elections, and cause public notice thereof to be given, by publishing the same in one or more of the public newspapers printed in this Colony, at least seven days before the day appointed for such election; or in case it shall so happen that at any time or times hereafter, there be no such news-papers printed in this Colony, then by affixing up notices in writing, at least seven days before the day appointed for such election, at two or more of the most public places in our said city of New-York; hereby giving and granting that such person and persons as shall be so chosen from time to time, by the majority of such of the members of our said corporation as shall, in such case, meet in manner hereby directed, by ballot, or in such other manner and form as shall be directed by any the bye-laws or regulations of our said corporation, shall have, hold, exercise and enjoy such the office or offices to which he or they shall be so elected and chosen, from the time of such election until the third Tuesday in May thence next ensuing, and until other or others be legally chosen in his or their place or stead, as fully and amply as the person or persons in whose place he or they shall be chosen, could or might have done by virtue of these presents. And we do hereby will and direct, that this method shall for ever hereafter be used for the filling up all vacancies in the said offices, between the annual elections above directed: provided nevertheless, that as well in the elections last mentioned, as in the annual elections above mentioned, no person shall be elected to the office of president, or vice-president,

unless he then be a governor of our said corporation and Hospital. And our will and pleasure is, and and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, direct, ordain and require, that every president, vice-president, governor, treasurer and secretary of our said corporation, to be elected by virtue of these presents, shall, before they act in their respective offices, take an oath, (or if any of them shall be of the people called Quakers, or Unitas Fratrum, an affirmation) to be to them administered by the president, or vice-president of our said corporation for the time being, or of the preceding year, (who are hereby severally authorised to administer the same) for the faithful and due execution of their respective offices, during their continuance in the same, respectively. And further, our royal will and pleasure is, and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and appoint, and give and grant to the Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America, that the president of the said corporation for the time being, and in case of a vacancy in the said office of president, or in case of his sickness or absence, the vice president of our said corporation shall, and may from time to time, as occasion may require, summon and call together, at such days and places within our said city of New-York, as they shall respectively think proper, the Governors of the said corporation and Hospital for the time being, giving them, at the least, one day's notice thereof; and we do hereby require them to meet accordingly, and give, grant, and ordain, that any seven or more of the said Governors of our said corporation, being so convened together, of whom the president of our said corporation for the time being, or in case of a vacancy in the said office, or the sickness or absence of the said president, the vice-president for the time being, shall always be one. shall for ever hereafter be a legal meeting of the said corporation; and they, or the major part of them so met, shall have full power and authority to adjourn from day to day, or for any other time, as the business of our said corporation may require; and to do, execute, transact, manage and perform, in the name of our said corporation, all and every act and acts, thing and things whatsoever, which our said corporation are or shall, by virtue of these our Letters Patent, be authorised to do, act, transact, manage and perform, in as full and ample manner as if all and every the Governors and members of the said corporation were present, and consenting thereto: saving and except always the electing of Governors, and other the officers above mentioned of our said corporation: and also, saving and except the giving, granting, selling, or otherwise aliening any of the estate, real or personal, of our said corporation: and the leasing, demising or disposing of any the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, real or mixed estate of our said corporation, for any longer term or time than one year; our royal will and pleasure being, that none of the estate real, personal or mixed, of our said corporation, be sold, or in any wise aliened, but by and with the concurrence and approbation of the majority of the whole number of the Governors of our said corporation for the time being, first obtained at some legal meeting of our said corporation; and, that none of the real or mixed estate of our said corporation be leased, demised, or in any wise disposed of, for any longer term than one year, without the like concurrence and approbation of the majority of the whole number of the Governors of our said corporation for the time being, first obtained as aforesaid. And further, we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, ordain and appoint, and give and grant to the Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America, that at any, and every such legal meeting of any seven or more of the Governors of our said corporation, of whom the president of our said corporation for the time being, or in case of a vacancy in the said office, or the sickness or absence of the said president, the vice-president for the time being, shall always be one, it shall and may be lawful for them, in writing, under the common seal of our said corporation, to make, frame, constitute, establish and ordain, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, such laws, constitutions, ordinances, regulations and statutes for the better government of the officers members, and servants of the said corporation, and of the patients from time to time admitted into the said Hospital; for fixing and ascertaining the places of meeting of our said corporation, on the days and times of the elections above mentioned; and for regulating the mode and manner of making such, and all other the elections in our said corporation; the management and disposition of the funds and charities, and all other the business and affairs whatever of our said corparation, as they, or the major part of them, so legally met, shall judge best for the general good of the said corporation, and profitable for the more effectual promoting the charitable and beneficial designs of the said corporation: and the same, or any of them, to alter, amend or repeal from time to time, as they, or the major part of them so met as aforesaid, shall judge most conducive to the benefit of the said charity; provided such laws, constitutions, regulations, ordinances, and statutes, be not repugnant to the laws of that part of our kingdom of Great-Britain called England, nor of this our province of New-York. And we do further will and grant, that the said Governors of the said corporation for the time being, or any seven or more of them, so legally met and convened as aforesaid, of whom the president, or vice-president, for the time being, shall always be one, as aforesaid, shall have the full and sole power and authority for ever hereafter, by the majority of their voices from time to time, to elect, nominate and appoint such and so many physicians and surgeons, as they shall judge necessary to attend the said Hospital, and the sick and diseased patients from time to time admitted to the benefits of the said charity; and to appoint the physicians and surgeons so elected, their respective powers, authorities, business, trusts and attendances; and also to appoint an Apothecary, a Steward, and Matron, of and for the the said Hospital; and from time to time to appoint them, the said Apothecary, Steward, and Matron, and each of them, their respective powers, authorities, business, trusts, and attendances; and to displace and discharge the Apothecary, Steward, and Matron, from the service of the said Hospital, and to nominate and appoint other or others in their places and stead. And we do further, of our special grace, certain knowledge, and meer motion, for us, our heirs and successors, grant and ordain, that when, and as often as any president, vice-president, governor, treasurer, secretary, physician, or surgeon of the said corporation, shall become unfit or incapable to execute their said offices, respectively, or shall misdemean themselves in their said offices, respectively, contrary to any the bye-laws or regulations of our said corporation, or refuse or neglect the execution thereof, and thereupon a complaint or charge in writing, shall be exhibited against him or them, by any member of our said corporation, at any legal meeting of the governors of our said corporation and Hospital, as aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawful for the president, or vice-president and governors, or the major part of them, then met, or at any legal meeting of our said corporation from time to time, and upon examination and due proof, to suspend or discharge such president, vice-president, governor, treasurer, secretary, physician or surgeon, from their offices respectively, although the yearly or other time for their respective services, shall not be expired; any thing before in these presents contained to the contrary thereof in any wisc notwithstanding; -- Provided always, that no president, vicepresident, governor, physician, or surgeon, shall be suspended or discharged at any meeting, without the concurrence

and approbation of the majority of the whole number of the governors of the said corporation, nor without having a copy of the complaint or charge against him, at least six days before such examination; and an opportunity to be fully heard in his defence. And for the keeping up and preserving, for ever hereafter, a succession of members for the said corporation, our will and pleasure is, and we do hereby for us, our heirs and successors, ordain, give, and grant, to "The Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America," and their successors, for ever, that it shall and may be lawful at all time and times hereafter, for ever, for any seven or more of the governors of our said corporation, for the time being, of whom we will the president, or in case of his absence, sickness, or a vacancy in the said office of president, the vicepresident of the said corporation, shall always be one, being convened and met together, as aforesaid, so as to be a legal meeting of our said corporation, as above mentioned, to elect and choose by the majority of their voices, and in such manner and form, and upon such terms and conditions, as shall be directed, ordained and established for that purpose, by any the said bye-laws, statutes, constitutions or ordinances of the said corporation, and admit under the common seal of our said corporation, such, and so many persons to be members of the said corporation, as they shall think beneficial to the laudable designs of the said corporation. Which persons, and every of them, so from time to time elected, chosen, and admitted, shall, by virtue thereof, and of these presents, be vested with all the powers, authorities and privileges, which any member of the said corporation is hereby invested with. And our will and pleasure further is, that the said governors of the said corporation and Hospital, shall yearly and every year, give an account in writing, of the several sums of money by them received and expended, by virtue of these presents, or any authority hereby given; and of the management, application and disposition of the revenues and charities aforesaid, to the general assembly of our said province, for the time being, or to such person or persons as the said general assembly shall, from time to time, appoint to receive and audit the same accounts, when they the governors of our said Hospital shall be thereunto required by the said general assembly of our said province. And further, we do by these presents, for us, our heirs and successors, give and grant, unto the said Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York in America, and their successors for ever, that this our present Charter, shall be deemed, adjudged and construed in all

cases, most favourably, and for the best benefit and advantage of our said corporation, and for the promoting the good ends and designs of this charitable Institution; and that this our present grant, being entered on record, as is herein after expressed, shall be for ever hereafter, good and effectual in the law, according to our royal intent and meaning herein before declared; and without any other licence, grant or confirmation from us, our heirs or successors, hereafter by the said corporation to be had or obtained, notwithstanding any mis-recitals, non-recitals, not-naming, or mis-naming, or any of the aforesaid offices, franchises, privileges, immunities, or other the premises, or any of them; and although no writ of ad quod Damnum, or other writs, inquisitions or precepts hath been upon this occasion had, made, issued or prosecuted; any statute, act, ordinance, or provision, or other matter or thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. In testimony whereof, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the great seal of our said province to be hereunto affixed, and the same to be entered of record, in our secretary's office for our said province of New-York, in one of the Books of Patents there remaining. Witness our right trusty and right well beloved cousin, John Earl of Dunmore, our captain general and Governor in chief, in and over our said province of New-York, and the territories depending thereon in America, Chancellor and Vice-Admiral of the same, at our Fort in our city of New-York, by and with the advice and consent of our council for our said province of New-York, the thirteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and seventy one, and of our reign the eleventh.

SECTION III.

ACTS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

AN ACT for the better and more permanent support of the Hospital in the City of New-York.

Passed, March 14th, 1806.

THEREAS it has become necessary, on account of the increasing number of patients in the Hospital, in the city of New-York, to enlarge the same, by erecting additions thereto, for the more convenient accommodation of the sick and disabled, and, particularly, to provide suitable apartments for the maniacs, adapted to the various forms and degrees of insanity: And whereas, the said Hospital is an institution of great public utility; and humanity, as well as the general interests of the state, requires that fit and adequate provision should be made for the support of such an infirmary for sick and insane persons: Therefore, the better to enable the Governors of the said Hospital, by means of a permanent fund, to maintain and improve the said Hospital,

I. BE it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, That the treasurer of this state shall every year hereafter, until the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, upon the warrant of the comptroller, pay to the treasurer of the Society of the Hospital in the city of New-York, in America, for the use of the said corporation, in quarter yearly payments, out of any monies in the treasury of this state not otherwise appropriated, the annual sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars; the first quarterly payment to be made on the first day of May next; which said annual sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars, shall become chargeable upon the duties on sales at public auction or vendue in the said city of New-York.

II. And be it further enacted, That the act, entitled "An act to continue the provision for the public Hospital, in the city of New-York," passed 2d March, 1805, be and the same

is hereby repealed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Governors of the said Hospital, shall make an annual report of the state of that institution to the legislature.

AN ACT to alter the Style and Title of the Society of the Hospital in the City of New-York in America, and to amend the Charter thereof.

Passed, March 9, 1810.

WHEREAS "the Society of the Hospital in the City of New-York in America," by their petition under their common seal, have represented to the legislature, that doubts had arisen whether the election of members under a by-law of the said corporation, existing for many years past, had been made in strict conformity with the charter of the said society, and that their franchises under the said charter might thereby be rendered insecure, and have prayed that their said franchises may be confirmed to them, and secured from the consequences of any such mistake, or any future inaccuracy or misconstruction; and also that the legislature would be pleased to change the name and style of the said corporation, and to amend their charter in the manner herein after mentioned; therefore,

I. BE it enacted by the People of the State of New-York, represented in the Senate and Assembly, That the said corporation shall for ever hereafter, be known and distinguished by the name and style of "the Society of the New-York Hospital;" and by that name shall continue and be a body corporate and politic, and may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, without any seizure or forejudger of their franchises, liberties or privileges, or being thereof excluded or ousted, for or upon any pretence of any forfeiture or misdemeanor at any time heretofore done, committed or suffered; and the said corporation shall and may have and enjoy all their rights, grants, franchises, lands, tenements, heriditaments, and estates whatsoever, in like manner, as if no misuser or other cause of forfeiture had heretofore occurred; and all the acts of the said corporation shall be and hereby are confirmed and declared to be as valid to all intents and purposes, as if no such misuser or other cause of forfeiture had happened or been committed.

II. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the president, vice-president, treasurer and secretary of the said corporation shall be elected by the governors of the same, and not, as heretofore, by the members of the said corporation at large.

SECTION IV.

BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS;

Ordained and established by the Governors of the New-York Hospital, for the better government of the Officers, Members, Patients and Servants of the Hospital.

Passed the 6th June, 1811.

BE it ordained by the Governors of the Society of the New-York Hospital, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That the following rules and regulations be, and they are hereby established, as laws and ordinances of the said corporation; and that all other by-laws, rules and regulations heretofore made, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

CHAPTER I.

Of the Election of Governors and Officers.

N the third Tuesday in May, in each year, an election shall be held at the New-York Hospital, for twenty-six governors, at which election three inspectors, (not being governors) to be appointed by the governors, at the stated meeting immediately preceding the election, or such of them as may attend, shall preside. But in case neither of them should attend, then the members convened shall appoint any two of their number to act as inspectors, and preside at the said election.

II. The poll of the said election for governors shall be opened at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at one o'clock in the afternoon, on the same day: and every member of this corporation who shall vote at the said election, shall deliver to the inspectors a ballot containing the names of not more than twenty-six persons, as governors: and the inspectors shall deposit all the ballots so delivered to them, in a box; and shall insert the names of the persons so voting as aforesaid, in a poll list, to be kept by them for that purpose. And so soon as the poll of the said election shall be closed, the inspectors shall open and count the said ballots, and shall openly declare the names of the twenty-six persons who shall be found to have been elected governors, by the greatest majority of all the

votes given; and shall deliver a certificate thereof, under their hands, to the secretary, to be by him laid before the governors,

at their next meeting.

III. In case the election of any of the said governors shall be declared void, such governor shall be removed from the exercise of his office. And whenever any governor shall for any reason, be removed, or shall die, or resign, or refuse, or neglect to act in, and execute the office for which he is chosen, then a new election shall be holden at the said hospital, within thirty days after the office shall have become vacant, as aforesaid, to choose another member of this corporation in the place of the person whose office shall have become vacant, as aforesaid. And the time of such election shall be appointed by the president and any five of the governors. And the president and the said five governors shall cause notice of such election to be given in two of the news-papers, printed in the city of New-York, at least seven days before the time fixed for the same. And if the office of president shall be vacant, or in case of his absence or sickness, then the vice-president shall perform the duties above assigned to the president.

IV. The treasurer and secretary for the time being, or (in their absence) any two of the members of the corporation, to be nominated by those present, shall be inspectors of every such extraordinary election, and the same shall be conducted, as near as may be, in like manner as the elections herein before mentioned; and a similar poll list and certificate shall be made by the inspectors, and delivered to the secretary, pre-

vious to the next monthly meeting of the governors.

V. At the first meeting of governors, after every annual election, there shall be chosen by ballot, by the majority of the governors present, one president, one vice-president, one treasurer and one secretary.

CHAPTER II.

Of the Oath or Affirmation to be taken by the Officers of this Corporation.

I. The president and vice-president, for the time being, and the president and vice president, of the preceding year shall respectively have power to administer to each of the officers mentioned in the next section, an oath or affirmation of the tenor following, viz. "I do swear, (or affirm) that I will faithfully and duly execute the office of of the

Society of the New-York Hospital, according to the best of

my ability."

II. Every president, vice-president, governor, treasurer and secretary shall take the said oath or affirmation, before he acts in his office.

CHAPTER III.

Of the President and Vice-President.

I. The president may call a meeting of the governors, whenever he shall think necessary, and may appoint the time and place of such meeting, (provided the latter shall be in the city of New-York) giving, at least, one day's notice thereof.

II. The president shall preside at all meetings of the governors, and shall preserve order therein; he shall nominate all

committees, except such as shall be chosen by ballot.

III. When the office of president shall be vacant, or when the president shall be absent, the vice-president shall succeed to

all his rights and duties.

IV. The president and vice-president shall visit the hospital and asylum, at least once in every month, to inspect the general state of the institution, and shall report their observations thereon to the next monthly meeting of the governors.

CHAPTER IV.

Of the Governors.

I. A monthly meeting of the governors shall be held in the governors' room, at the hospital, on the first Tuesday in every

month, at four o'clock in the afternoon.

II. Seven governors, including the president or vice-president, shall be a quorum for transacting all business, except the alienating any of the real or personal estate of the corporation, or the leasing any of the real or mixed estate thereof, for a longer term than one year, or for the suspending or discharging an officer, physician, or surgeon, for which purposes the consent of a majority of all the governors shall be necessary.

III. The governors shall, from time to time, appoint, by ballot, so many physicians and surgeons to the hospital, as they shall think convenient, and also a physician to have the

sole care of the lunatics in the asylum, who shall receive commissions under the seal of the corporation: and every physician and surgeon, hereafter to be appointed, shall hold his office until the first stated monthly meeting of the governors, to be held after the next ensuing annual election, or, unless re-elected, until another is appointed in his stead. But no person shall be appointed physician or surgeon, unless he shall have been nominated to that place, at a previous monthly

meeting.

IV. If any officer, physician, or surgeon, shall become unfit to execute his office, or shall misdemean himself in his office, contrary to any of the by-laws of this corporation, or refuse or neglect to execute the same, the visiting committee, or any member of the corporation may exhibit against him a complaint in writing to the governors, at a legal meeting; and thereupon a notice of the said complaint shall be given to the person complained of, and a time shall be appointed (not less than six days after service of the said notice) for the person complained of to make his defence before the governors: And the governors having examined into the truth of the complaint, and heard the defence of the party accused, if any shall be made, may with the concurrence and approbation of a majority of the whole number of governors, upon such examination, and due proof, suspend or discharge the officer, physician, or surgeon, complained of as aforesaid.

V. At the monthly meeting in June, in each year, the governors shall appoint a superintendant, or steward, apothecary, matron and clerk, for the hospital, who shall hold their offices during the pleasure of the governors; a committee of repairs, and a committee of the asylum; and also a person or persons, to be chosen by ballot, to supply the hospital with medicines.

VI. At the same monthly meeting of the governors, a committee shall be appointed, to be denominated the "Library Committee," to consist of two of the physicians or surgeons of the hospital, and one of the governors, whose duty it shall be to purchase books, and to take the general care and superintendance of the library.

VII. There shall be a visiting committee, to consist of three governors, to serve three months, one of them to be appointed at each monthly meeting.—There shall also be an inspecting committee to consist of two governors, to serve two months, one of them to be appointed at each monthly

meeting.

VIII. At the monthly meeting, in December, in each year, a committee shall be appointed to audit the accounts of the hospital, and to make an inventory of all the real and personal estate belonging to the corporation, a schedule of all the deeds, bonds, &c. in the custody of the treasurer, and a general statement of the accounts; which inventory, schedule and statement, shall be made up and produced by them, at the next monthly meeting, or the one following: and another committee shall also be appointed to draft the annual report of the state of the hospital to be laid before the legislature. This draft shall be presented to the governors at their next monthly meeting. One physician and one surgeon shall also be appointed to prepare a table of the diseases of the patients in the hospital during the year.

IX. At each monthly meeting, the minutes of the visiting committee, of the inspecting committee, and the asylum committee shall be produced, that the governors may be informed

of their proceedings.

X. The governors' room shall be kept solely for the use of the governors, and no other person (except the librarian when necessarily employed in the library) is permitted to use it, without the permission of the visiting committee.

CHAPTER V.

Of the Election of Members.

I. Whenever a governor shall propose a person to be elected a member of this corporation, he shall be ballotted for at a monthly meeting of the governors; and if there shall be a majority of votes in his favour, he shall be duly

elected.

II. If the person so elected shall at any time previous to his election have paid into the treasury the sum of forty dollars, he shall immediately upon his election, be admitted a member of the corporation, and shall receive from the secretary a certificate of such admission, under the common seal. But if such payment has not been made, then the member elect, shall within three months after his election, pay the said sum of forty dollars to the treasurer: and upon the governors being informed that such payment hath been made, they shall order him to be admitted, and he shall receive a certificate, as aforesaid. And unless such payment shall be made within the said three months, the election of the person so making default shall be void: but the governors may in any par-

ticular instance in their discretion, dispense with such payment, and order the member elect to be admitted immediately. No person hereafter elected shall be deemed a member of this corporation, until he shall be admitted as aforesaid.

CHAPTER VI.

Of the Treasurer.

I. The treasurer shall give security, to be approved by the

governors, for the faithful performance of his trust.

II. He shall have the custody of all bonds, title deeds, and other papers and documents relating to the property of the

corporation.

III. He shall open an account with one of the banks in the city of New-York, in the name of this corporation; and he shall deposit all monies, immediately upon his receiving them, in such bank.

IV. He shall keep a book containing blank checks; and in drawing for money he shall use the said checks, and insert in the margin opposite to them respectively, their amount and dates, and the names of the persons to whom they are payable,

and on what account.

V. He shall cause a book to be kept, at the hospital, by the clerk, for the sole purpose of keeping an account with the bank; and he shall cause the clerk to enter in such book, all deposits made, and checks drawn, with their amounts, dates, and the names of the persons to whom they are payable.

VI. The treasurer shall, from time to time, pay such sums as he shall think necessary to defray the expenses of the super-

intendant's department.

VII. The treasurer shall pay no other monies, without a written order from the visiting committee, or from the com-

mittee of repairs, for expenditures in their department.

VIII. The treasurer shall cause to be kept at the hospital, a journal and a ledger, in which shall be contained an account of receipts, an account of expenditures, an account with the bank, an account with the superintendant, and such other accounts as may be necessary.

CHAPTER VII.

Of the Secretary.

I. The secretary shall have the custody of the seal of the

corporation.

II. He shall attend the meetings of the society and of the governors, and take minutes of the proceedings of each meeting, and see that the clerk transcribes them into a book provided for that purpose.

III. Immediately after the election of governors and other officers, he shall give notice to the different persons

elected.

IV. On the day preceding every meeting, stated or special, he shall send notice of the time and place of such meeting to each of the governors.

V. At every meeting he shall read the minutes of the pre-

ceding meeting at length.

VI. He shall cause the reports to the legislature, and the annual state of the hospital, to be regularly entered upon the minutes.

VII. He shall furnish certificates to the members of the corporation in the manner prescribed by the by-laws.

CHAPTER VIII.

Of the Visiting Committee.

I. The visiting committee shall meet twice in every week, at the hospital. If any member of the committee should be unable to attend, he shall procure some other governor to attend in his stead.

II. They shall receive or reject applicants for admission, as in their discretion they shall think adviseable, having regard to the existing circumstances of the hospital; but they shall admit no person without a previous examination by one of the physicians and surgeons, or by the house physician, or house

surgeon.

III. They shall also determine whether the applicant shall be received as a pauper or pay-patient; and in the latter case, they shall agree upon the price to be paid weekly, and take such security, as they may deem requisite; but this and the last preceding article shall not apply to the admission of patients in the hanatic asylum, which is solely entrusted to the asylum committee.

IV. They shall carefully enquire of every pauper, previous to admittance, whether he has arrived at this port within two years; and if that shall appear to be the fact, they shall make a minute thereof in their book, and direct the clerk to enter the name of such pauper, in the book, as an emigrant, and to enquire of the superintendant of the alms-house, the name of the owner of the vessel in which the pauper has arrived, or of his security, which shall be entered on the admission book, in order that payment may be obtained on the bond given to the corporation of the city of New-York, pursuant to the laws of the state.

V. They shall keep a book of minutes, and enter therein the names of all patients received or discharged, and of such other business as comes before them; which book must be laid before the governors, at every monthly meeting.

VI. They shall give such orders, and establish such regulations as they shall think proper, to carry into effect the objects of this institution: provided such orders and regulations are

not inconsistent with the charter or by-laws.

VII. On every visiting day, they shall enquire of the physicians and surgeons, or in their absence, of the house-physician, or house-surgeon, whether any of the pauper patients are incurable, or in a condition to leave the hospital; and shall direct all such to be discharged, so that no improper objects be

permitted to remain.

VIII. The committee may direct the superintendant to give some relief, in money or clothes, to patients, who, from extreme poverty, or circumstances of peculiar distress, may need such aid at the time of their discharge. But they are to exercise great caution in affording such assistance, lest it should encourage improper or too frequent applications.

IX. If any patient shall go out, without leave, be guilty of drunkenness, profane swearing, or otherwise misbehave, the

committee may, at their discretion, discharge him.

X. They shall take care that the patients in each ward are supplied with bibles, and such other religious books, as they

may think useful.

XI. They shall have the general charge and care of the property of the hospital; and shall frequently remind the superintendant and other officers of the house of the necessity of attention, economy, cleanliness, and good conduct in the discharge of their several duties.

XII. Whenever they may think it necessary that a special meeting of the governors should be called, they shall apply

for that purpose to the president, or in his absence, to the vice-

president.

XIII. In case the house-physician, house-surgeon, or apothecary, shall neglect any of the duties prescribed to him, or refuse to comply with any reasonable request of the superintendant, the visiting committee may suspend the offender, and report the case to the next monthly meeting of the governors; and the vacancy shall be supplied by such person as the committee may appoint.

XIV. The committee shall on each visiting day, insert in the book kept for that purpose, the times of their own atten-

dance, and of that of the physicians and surgeons.

CHAPTER IX.

Of the Inspecting Committee.

I. It shall be the duty of the inspecting committee to enquire whether the by-laws, and regulations of the governors relative to the management and economy of the house, are carried into effect.

II. They shall visit the wards and cells in each house, at least once a week, enquire into the behaviour of the superintendant, matron and nurses, towards the patients, examine particularly, whether economy be observed; and as to the cleanliness of the halls, wards, apartments and beds; whether the floors are frequently washed, and the walls whitewashed; whether the bread and other provisions are of good quality; whether the patients are allowed a sufficient quantity; whether they are regularly attended by the physicians and surgeons, and whether the apothecary's shop is kept neat and in good order. They are also to enquire whether any improvements can be made for the greater comfort of the patients.

III. Once in every month, they shall invite the attending physician and surgeon to accompany them in visiting the wards and in inspecting the apothecary's shop, the surgical instruments, and electrical and galvanic apparatus, &c.

IV. They shall enquire particularly whether the wards are properly ventilated, so that they may be supplied with pure and wholesome air, and shall prohibit the patients from using the fires or stoves in their wards for culinary purposes.

V. At least once in each month, they shall examine the housephysician and house-surgeon, as to the performance of their respective duties, and as to the daily attendance and behaviour of the pupils intended as candidates for the offices of house-

physician and house-surgeon.

VI. They shall keep a book of minutes, and enter therein their proceedings and observations, relative to all the objects of their appointment, which book shall be laid before the governors, at every monthly meeting.

CHAPTER X.

Of the Physicians and Surgeons.

I. The physicians and Surgeons shall make such arrangements among themselves, that the hospital may be attended in the manner herein after directed.

II. One physician shall visit every medical patient who may be afflicted with an acute disease, at least, once every day, and oftener if necessary; and every medical patient in

the hospital, without exception, twice in every week.

III. At such visits, the attending physician shall enquire, whether his directions and prescriptions have been carefully observed. He shall attend to the neatness and ventilation of the wards, and give such directions on those subjects, as may be necessary, to the superintendant. He shall direct the housephysician to report to the superintendant such patients as are

in a proper condition to leave the hospital.

IV. One surgeon shall visit the hospital, at least, three times a week, and oftener, when necessary, and every surgical patient, without exception, at least once a week. At such visits, he shall attend to the neatness and ventilation of the surgical wards, and give such directions on those subjects, as may be necessary, to the superintendant, and he shall direct the house-surgeon to report to the superintendant such surgical patients, as may be in a proper condition to leave the hospital.

V. The times of their attendance shall be so fixed by the physicians and surgeons, as not to interfere with each other, and so that the students who attend the practice of the house,

may accompany them in their visits to the patients.

VI. If any physician or surgeon shall be prevented from attending in his turn, he shall procure some other belonging to

the hospital, to attend in his stead.

VII. The attending physician and surgeon shall be present at the regular meetings of the visiting committee, to confer with them on the management of the house, and to examine applicants for admission.

VIII. No capital operation, except in cases of immediate danger, shall be performed, without the previous approbation of at least two surgeons, nor without inviting all the physicians and surgeons belonging to the hospital, to be present at the operation.

IX. No drugs or medicines shall be purchased without a written order, entered by the attending physician or surgeon, or physician of the asylum, in a pass-book kept for that pur-

pose.

X. The attending physician and surgeon shall, on the first Monday in every month, inspect the apothecary's shop, and see that it is kept in proper order and that good medicines are regularly supplied, and shall report all neglects and improprieties on these subjects, whether in the persons furnishing the medicines or in the apothecary, to the governors, at their next

monthly meeting.

XI. Each of the attending physicians and surgeons shall report in writing to the governors, after his tour of attendance is completed, the general condition of the hospital during that period; and this report shall state, whether the nurses have treated the sick with humanity, and shall contain such suggestions and remarks as shall appear to him to be useful.

XII. At the close of every year, a table of the diseases of the patients in the hospital, including the lying-in ward, and asylum, during the year then expired, shall be made out and duly arranged, in order that the same may be published with the general account of the state of the hospital, which table shall be prepared by one physician and one surgeon, to be appointed for that purpose by the governors.

XIII. The treasurer shall pay the monies received from students, for tickets entitling them to see the practice of the house, to the physicians and surgeons of the hospital, as a compensation for instructing the students, and advancing them in

medical science.

XIV. Two of the physicians and two of the surgeons of the hospital, to be named by the governors, may give clinical lectures in the hospital. But the governors may withdraw this permission whenever the interest of the institution shall in their opinion require it.

XV. The physicians and surgeons may recommend persons to be admitted as patients, in like manner as the go-

vernors.

CHAPTER XI.

Of Students, admitted to see the Practice of the House.

I. Any student of medicine, upon paying to the treasurer ten dollars, may receive a ticket entitling him to visit and see the practice of the house, for one year, subject to the regulations of the hospital.

II. Students under the care of any of the physicans or surgeons of this institution, shall be entitled to similar tickets, gratis, on producing to the treasurer, a certificate of such

physician or surgeon.

III. If a physician or surgeon of this institution has no students under his care, he may recommend any two students to the treasurer, who shall grant them similar tickets, gratis.

IV. No student shall be entitled to visit the *lunatic* asylum, without leave from the physician of the asylum, or one of the

asylum committee.

V. No student shall be entitled to attend the hospital, except at the hours of prescription or operation. Every student shall produce his ticket to the porter, at the gate, and shall behave respectfully to the superintendant and matron, and with decency and propriety to the patients. And if any student shall infringe any of the regulations of the hospital, or be guilty of profane swearing, indecent or improper conduct, it shall be the duty of the superintendant to report him to the visiting committee, who may give orders to exclude him, in future, from the hospital. And that he may be informed of the regulations to which he is subject, every student shall be furnished by the treasurer with a copy of the by-laws.

CHAPTER XII.

Of the House Physician and House Surgeon.

I. No person shall be appointed to the office of house physician or house surgeon, until he shall have attained the age of twenty-one years; nor until he shall have laid before the governors, satisfactory testimonials of his good moral character, and also a certificate in the following form:

"We do hereby certify, that A. B. hath been a private pu-"pil of C. D. a practising physician, (or surgeon as the case "may be) for the space of three years, during which time "he has attended the daily practice of the New-York Hospital for one year, and has attended one complete course of
medical lectures in College And we do fur-

" ther certify, that on the day of

" at a meeting, held at the New-York Hospital, to which all "the physicians (or surgeons, as the case may be) of the said "hospital were invited, and at which we were all present, we did examine the said A. B.—That we believe him to pose sess sufficient skill and ability to execute properly the office of house-physician, (or surgeon, as the case may be) and we do recommend him to the governors for the said office." Which certificate shall be signed by, at least, three physicians of the hospital, if the candidate is recommended for the office of house-physician, and by, at least, two surgeons of the hospital, if he is recommended for the office of house-surgeon.

II. Such pupils, as intend to be candidates for the said offices, must attend daily, at the same hours with the attending physician and surgeon; and must be present at all operations performed by the surgeons; and shall be considered as as-

sistants to the house-physician and house-surgeon.

III. The house-physician and house-surgeon shall visit the wards once, at least, every morning and evening; and be prepared to report a state of the patients to the visiting physicians and surgeons. They shall see that the medicines sent to the sick are regularly taken, and that they are administered with care and neatness, and without delay.

IV. No medicines, wine or spirits shall be prescribed or administered to the patients, nor any surgical operation performed, (except in cases of emergency) without the special direction of the attending physicians or surgeons; to whom such cases, when they occur, shall be immediately re-

ported.

V. In any medical or surgical case of emergency, the house-physician and house-surgeon shall request the immediate attendance of the attending physician or surgeon, and if he cannot be found, of any other of the physicians or sur-

geons of the hospital.

VI. They shall not remove patients from one ward into another, without the approbation of the superintendant; and it shall be their duty to report the disease, of which any patient dies, to the clerk, in order that the register may be regularly kept.

VII. They shall report, in writing, to the superintendant, such patients as may, under special circumstances, have been

received, during his absence, that he may lay the same before the visiting committee, at their next meeting.

VIII. Neither the house-physician nor house-surgeon shall discharge a patient; this being the exclusive duty of the su-

perintendant.

IX. They shall not be absent at the usual hours of attendance of the physicians or surgeons, and whenever either of them goes out, he shall leave notice with the superintendant or matron, where he may be found; and in no case shall both of them be absent, at the same time. They must be in the hospital, at a seasonable hour in the evening, and never sleep out of the house.

X. They shall not engage in any other business than that of the hospital; nor shall they practice out of it, except that, with the approbation of the visiting committee, they may attend such out-door patients, as are under the care of the hos-

pital.

XI. It shall be the particular duty of the house-physician to keep the electrical and galvanic apparatus always in perfect

order, and faithfully to apply them when directed.

XII. The house surgeon shall have the charge of all surgical instruments belonging to the house, and shall be responsible for them and for their good order. He shall keep an account of them, stating when, and from whom they were received, and their prices; and shall never suffer them to be lent or used out of the house.

XIII. It shall be the particular duty of the house-physician or house-surgeon, (as the case may be, medical or surgical) to attend to the faithful application of the baths, at the temperature, and in the manner prescribed by the attending

physician or surgeon.

XIV. The house-physician, with the aid of his assistant, under the direction of the attending physician, shall keep a register of all medical cases which occur in the hospital, and which the latter shall think worthy of preservation, which book shall be neatly bound, and kept in the library for the inspection of the friends of the patients, the governors, physicians and surgeons, and the students attending the hospital. In this register shall be entered the name, age, and occupation of each patient, the probable cause and history of his disease, the remedies used before and after his admission, the name of the attending physician or surgeon, his daily reports on the case, the termination of the disease, either in recovery, relief, or death, and such other circumstances,

as may tend to illustrate the case, and the nature of the disease.

XV. The house surgeon, with the aid of his assistant, under the direction of the attending surgeon, shall keep a similar register of chirurgical cases, and shall record all operations therein.

CHAPTER XIII.

Of the Apothecary.

I. The apothecary shall compound and make up all medicines prescribed, agreeably to the formule from time to time directed by the physicians and surgeons of the hospital. He shall deliver no medicines which are not ordered by the attending physicians or surgeons, and shall permit no medicines to be carried out of the house, except to out-door patients. He shall put up the medicines intended for each ward separately, and shall annex to them labels, containing the names of the patients for whom they are respectively prescribed; and, when necessary, directions for taking them. And he shall send them to each ward by the orderly man, to be by him distributed to the patients.

II. He shall regularly attend the shop, and never be absent, without the superintendant's permission. He shall keep the shop, and every thing appertaining to it, clean and in perfect order. He shall carefully observe economy in every thing relating to his department; be particularly prudent and careful in the delivery of medicines, and permit no patient to enter

the shop unnecessarily.

III. He shall cause all articles purchased for his department, to be immediately entered, by the persons of whom they are purchased in the pass-book provided for that purpose, with the date, quantity, kind and price of the ar-

ticles.

IV. He shall keep a book, in which the attending physician or surgeon shall enter his directions for the purchase of medicines, &c. with the date and quantity to be purchased, and signed with the initials of his name. And the apothecary shall purchase of the persons appointed for that purpose by the governors, and of none other, the articles so ordered; but he is strictly forbidden to purchase any thing, except in pursuance of such directions previously entered as aforesaid.

V. No person shall be appointed anothecary, unless he is

twenty-one years of age, nor until he has produced sufficient testimonials of his good moral character, and has obtained a certificate, signed by at least two physicians and two surgeons of the hospital, in the following form:

" We do hereby certify, that at a meeting, held at the New-

"York Hospital, on the day of

to which all the physicians and surgeons of the " said hospital were invited, and at which we were all pre-" sent, we did examine A. B. and did find him competent to " execute with propriety, the office of apothecary of the said " hospital. And we do recommend him to the governors for " that office."

CHAPTER XIV.

Of the Superintendant or Steward.

I. The superintendant shall be the steward of the hospital. He shall have the general charge of the hospital with the lunatic asylum; and see that the regulations of the governors, and the directions of the visiting committee are carried into

II. He shall purchase, under the direction of the visiting committee or treasurer, fuel, provisions, and all other stores.

for the use of the hospital, except medicines.

III. He shall keep, under his key, all wines, spirits, sugar, molasses, unmade linen, and blanketing, and all other stores and necessaries.

IV. He shall see that the outer-gates are locked, at a sea-

sonable hour every evening.

V. He shall suffer no patient to go out of the house, without his special permission.

VI. He shall visit every ward, at least, once a day, and of-

tener, if necessary.

VII. He shall have power to hire and dismiss all the nurses and servants employed in or about the hospital; subiect, however, to such orders as the visiting committee shall think proper to give. And it shall be his duty to discharge all such of them as shall be guilty of profane swearing, drunkenness, bringing spirituous liquors clandestinely into the house, or other gross misconduct. And he is to report his proceedings on all these subjects to the visiting committee.

VIII. He shall take particular care that no wine or spirits

are used in the hospital, except by the direction of the phy-

sicians or surgeons, for the use of the patients.

IX. He shall cause the hospital to be completely whitewashed every spring and autumn; and the walls of every ward to be white-washed four feet upwards from the floor, once in winter; and at least once in July, and in each of the two suc-

ceeding months.

X. He shall appoint in each ward one of the most discreet patients to read the bible to the other patients, and he shall see that it is read conformably to the regulations respecting patients; and where any patient is dangerously ill, he shall enquire of him, whether he is desirous to converse with any religious person; and shall invite the person desired by the patient, to attend, and while such person is present, shall see that the other patients in the ward, behave with decorum.

XI. When a patient is discharged, the superintendant shall cause his name to be entered in the book provided for that purpose, mentioning him as cured, relieved, incurable, eloped,

or disorderly.

XII. On the decease of a patient, the superintendant shall cause his name, and the time of his decease to be entered in the register, the body to be conveyed, as soon as conveniently may be, to the dead-house, and there safely kept, until delivered to the hearse, or to the friends of the deceased, for interment; and he shall be particularly responsible for the execution of this duty.

XIII. If the house physician, house surgeon, clerk, apothecary, students attending the house, or other persons belonging to it, shall use profane language, disregard the bylaws and regulations, or otherwise misbehave, it shall be the duty of the superintendant to report the offenders, in writing, to

the visiting committee.

XIV. When a patient dies, leaving clothes, or other articles of value, the superintendant shall report the same to the visiting committee, who shall make a minute of such report in their book, and give him the necessary directions.

CHAPTER XV.

Of the Matron.

The matron shall visit the wards in the house and asylum, every day, and see that they are properly attended by the nurses.

II. She shall oversee all the female patients and servants,

and take care that the wards, apartments, beds, clothes, linen, and other things are kept clean. All the patients, nurses and servants, must be obedient and submissive to her.

III. The female nurses must not be absent without leave of

the matron.

IV. She must take care of all the household goods and furniture.

CHAPTER XVI.

Of the Clerk.

I. It shall be the duty of the clerk, on the day following each meeting of the governors, to enter in their journal, a fair copy of the minutes taken by the secretary, together with such reports and other papers, as the secretary shall direct: and also to furnish the chairman of every committee, appointed at such meeting, with a copy of the minutes relating to them.

II. He shall transcribe, under the direction of the secretary, such minutes of the governors, as may relate to the visiting committee, into their book of minutes, and he shall copy all minutes of that committee on the day of their meeting; and shall enter in the register, kept for that purpose, the admissions and discharges of patients, immediately after they have been received or discharged; and enter such medical or surgical cases in the registers kept in the house and asylum, as may be required.

III. He shall copy all future by-laws in the book kept for

that purpose.

IV. He shall keep the books of accounts, and collect all monies due from pay-patients, in such manner as the treasurer may direct.

V. He shall, every three months, furnish the secretary with the names of such seamen as die in the hospital, to the end

that they may be published.

VI. He shall lay on the table, in the governors' room, at every monthly meeting, the following books, viz. the Journals or Minutes of the Governors; the Minutes of the Visiting Committee; the Minutes of the Inspecting Committee; the Minutes of the Asylum Committee; the Book of By-Laws; the Book containing the Orders of the Attending Physician or Surgeon; the Book containing the Minutes of the attendance of the Visiting Committee and of the Physicians and Surgeons; the Book in which is entered the Medicines purchased for the Hospital; the Bank Book, and the Ledger.

CHAPTER XVII.

Of the Orderly-Man.

The visiting committee shall appoint an orderly-man who shall assist in the apothecary's shop, in all things appertaining to that department. When not occupied in the apothecary's department, he shall perform any services for the benefit of the hospital, required of him by the superintendant, house physician, and house surgeon.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Of the Patients.

I. No patient shall leave the house, unless by permission of the superintendant; nor play at any game of hazard within the hospital; nor introduce any spiritous liquors into the house.

II. No patient shall enter the kitchen, or any of the servants' apartments, under any pretence whatever, except by order of the superintendant or matron.

III. No male patient shall go into the womens' apartments, or wards, nor any female patient into those of the men.

IV. No patient shall smoke tobacco in the house, except

with the consent of the attending physician or surgeon.

V. Such patients as, in the opinion of the attending physician or surgeon, are able, shall assist in nursing others, washing and ironing the linen, washing and cleaning the rooms, and in such other services, as the superintendant or matron may require.

VI. On Sunday, at ten o'clock in the morning, and at three in the afternoon, a patient in each ward (to be appointed by the superintendant) shall read some chapters in the bible to the patients, who are to attend thereto with decency and sobriety; and it is also recommended to the patients, as often as circumstances will permit, to read the holy scriptures themselves, on other days of the week.

VII. If any patient shall not conform to the foregoing regulations; or shall use profane or indecent language, or get drunk; or behave rudely, or indecently, the superintendant shall make report thereof to the visiting committee; who may discharge such patient; or, with the consent of a governor, the superintendant may immediately discharge him

VIII. No officer or servant of this institution, shall accept

any gift or bequest from any patient, except with the approbation of the visiting committee.

CHAPTER XIX.

Of the admission of Patients.

I. Any governor, physician, or surgeon of the hospital may recommend patients to be admitted, but the visiting committee may refuse or admit patients so recommended, at their discretion.

II. In any extraordinary or pressing case, where great inconvenience would result from waiting for the approbation of the visiting committee, any governor, physician or surgeon of the hospital, may direct the superintendant to receive a patient immediately. And in case of sudden accidents, the superintendant may receive patients, without a recommendation. But the superintendant must give early information of every such case to the visiting committee, who, may permit the patient to remain in the house, or not, as shall appear to them discreet and proper.

III. When the patient's case requires immediate admittance, the governor, physician or surgeon recommending him, is to add to his recommendation the following directions: "The superintendant is desired to receive the person above recommended, until the visiting committee attend."

IV. Inhabitants of the state, not resident in the city of New-York, to be admitted into the hospital, must be recommended by a justice of the peace, and at least one overseer of the poor of the town in which they reside; and they must bring with them cases of their diseases drawn up by a physician or surgeon.

V. No persons shall be admitted whose cases are judged to be incurable, nor any whose cases do not require the particular benefits of an hospital; nor shall any who have the

small-pox, or measles, be received into the house.

VI. Young children shall not be received with their mo-

thers, unless such children are also patients.

VII. Patients unable to pay for their board and maintenance, may be received, as paupers; but such as are able to pay for the same, in part or in whole, shall be received as paypatients, on such terms as may be agreed on by the visiting committee, who are to take sufficient security for their performance.

VIII. The applicants must attend at the hospital, on a Tuesday or Friday, in order to be examined by the attending physician or surgeon.

Form of Recommendation.

New-York, day of one thousand eight hundred I recommend to be admitted into the New-York-Hospital if shall appear to you a proper object, after having been examined by the physicians or surgeons.

To the visiting committee of the New-York Hospital.

Form of Security for Pay-Patients.

being admitted a patient in the New-York
Hospital, at my request, I, A. B. residing at No. in
street, do hereby promise to provide
with sufficient clothing while there; to pay to the Treasurer of
the said Hospital per week for board, during
continuance there, to cause to be removed when discharged, and to pay the expense of burial, if die there.
Witness my hand the day of 18

IV. Nothing in this charter shell apply to the admission of

IX. Nothing in this chapter shall apply to the admission of lunatic patients.

CHAPTER XX.

Of the Lying-in Ward.

I. Any governor, physician or surgeon of the hospital, and any subscriber to the lying-in hospital, may recommend patients to this ward, who shall be received or refused admission, in like manner as prescribed for other patients.

II. When an unmarried patient is admitted, particular care must be taken by the visiting committee, that security is given for her maintenance, or that application be made to the

proper magistrates to obtain payment for the same.

III. Every pay-patient admitted into the ward, shall pay to the superintendant, in advance, such sum as the visiting committee shall direct, or else shall give security for the payment of it, according to the following form:

"A. B. being admitted into the lying-in ward of the NewYork Hospital at my request, I, C. D. do hereby promise
to provide her with clothing sufficient for her, and her
child's use while there; to pay to the treasurer of the said

"hospital dollars per week, for her board, during

" her continuance there, and in case of her, or her child's death, to pay the funeral charges."

IV. No infant shall be permitted to be taken from the hos-

pital, without being préviously vaccinated.

V. No patient shall remain in the ward more than four

weeks, after her delivery, but in cases of emergency.

VI. Such patients as are able, shall assist in nursing others; in washing and cleaning rooms; and in such other services as the matron or nurse shall require.

VII. The nurse of the lying-in ward shall take the utmost

care to preserve cleanliness and decency.

VIII. She shall be present at every delivery, and have in readiness every thing necessary for the comfort of the mother and child.

IX. The house physician, and house surgeon shall alternately attend the delivery of the women received in the ward, and shall, in all cases give immediate notice thereof to the attending physician or surgeon, and whose duty it shall be to attend when any thing extraordinary occurs; but when the labour is natural, they may be present or not, as they think proper.

X. Not more than one of the assistants shall be present at any delivery, except in extraordinary cases, when the attending physician or surgeon may exercise his discretion, in ad-

mitting pupils or students to be present.

XI. Female pupils may be admitted, on the recommendation of a governor of this hospital, or of the lying-in hospital, or of a physician or surgeon of this hospital, and with the consent of the visiting committee, for the purpose of receiving instructions in the art of midwifery; and they may, at their option reside in the house, during the pleasure of the governors, paying to the treasurer three dollars a week, for board, during their continuance in the house.

XII. The house physician shall regularly record in a book, to be kept for that purpose in the library, every delivery in extraordinary cases, with the circumstances relating to the same; he shall also make a register of all births, containing the name of the mother, her age, if married, or single, her place of abode, the time of her admission, and discharge, date of the child's birth, and sex, and name of the child.

CHAPTER XXI.

Of the Lunatic Asylum.

II. The building erected for the benefit of lunatics, shall be denominated the "Lunatic Asylum," and appropriated solely for the reception of lunatics.

II. The physician of the asylum shall attend the same, at least, three times every week, and oftener, if neces-

sary.

III. The asylum committee shall have the same powers, and perform the same duties, with relation to the asylum, as those of the visiting committee with relation to the hospital; except that all purchases for the use of both houses are to be made by the superintendant, or visiting committee.

IV. The asylum committee shall appoint a proper person

to be keeper of the asylum, and also a female keeper.

V. The keeper shall perform the duties of the superintendant, and under his direction, so far as relates to the asylum.

VI. The servants employed in the asylum, shall be ap-

pointed and discharged by the asylum committee.

VII. Medicines shall be sent from the apothecary's shop to the asylum, in like manner as they are sent to the wards, under the direction of the physician to the asylum.

VIII. None but pay-patients are to be received into the

asylum.

IX. The asylum committee may admit patients into the asylum, without any recommendation, upon such terms as they shall think reasonable; but before the patient is received, the committee shall take security, or payment in advance, for the expenses of maintenance of such patient, the charges of burial, in case of death, and of removal, in case the patient is sent back to his or her friends; and whenever a patient is sent to the asylum, it is recommended that a statement of his case, drawn up by a physician, or some of his friends, should be sent with him, for the information of the physician of the asylum.

X. No patient shall be received from the alms-house, without a written request to admit him from the superintendent thereof. And such patient, when discharged, shall be returned to the alms-house, and a certificate, by the physician of the

asylum, of the state of his case shall be sent with him.

XI. Lunatics sent by the overseers of the poor of any town in this state, may be received on the same terms as

those sent by the city and county of New-York. But the asylum committee shall take security for the payment, and for the expenses, of sending the patient back to the town, when discharged.

XII. Every such patient when discharged, shall be sent back to the town from which he was received, and a certificate, like that mentioned in the tenth section, shall be sent with

him.

XIII. A register shall be kept by the keeper, under the direction of the asylum committee, in which he shall record the admission and discharge of all patients, with such other mat-

ters as the committee may think proper.

XIV. No visitor shall be admitted into the asylum without permission from a governor, physician, or surgeon of the hospital, or from the superintendent; nor at any other than at such stated hours, as shall be from time to time appointed for that purpose, by the asylum committee. And the physician of the asylum may absolutely prohibit all visitors from such patients as he thinks proper, or allow them, under such restric-

tions as he shall judge necessary.

XV. The physician of the asylum shall cause to be kept a register, in which shall be entered every case under his care, the name, age, place of residence, and occupation of the patient, the probable cause and history of his disorder, the remedies used, the termination of his disease; and such other circumstances as may tend to elucidate the case, and the nature of the disease—which register shall be kept in the asylum, under the care of the committee, who shall provide a proper book for that purpose; and they shall cause all special and remarkable cases to be entered, at the end of every three months, by the clerk of the hospital, in a book, to be kept in the library; and in all cases where it may be thought proper, the names of the patients or parties may be omitted.

CHAPTER XXII.

Of the Library.

I. The house physician shall be, ex officio, librarian.

II. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall give sufficient security, to be approved of by the visiting committee, in a sum, not less than two hundred, and fifty dollars, that he will indemnify this corporation, for any loss or damage which may be sustained by his negligence, or misconduct, as librarian.

III. The librarian shall keep every work in the library, plainly numbered, on a label on the back, and also on the inside of every volume; and he shall cause to be written or printed on the title page of each volume, "The Property of the New-York Hospital."

IV. He shall keep an accurate catalogue of the books in the library, containing the title, author, size, number, and number of volumes of each work. He shall keep a book containing printed receipts; and every person who shall borrow a book from the library, shall sign a receipt for the same.

V. The librarian shall annually account for the library, to

the visiting committee, or to the library committee.

VI. Books shall be taken from the library on such days, only as the library committee shall direct; and at hours not interfering with the visiting committee, or the attending physician or surgeon: but the governors, physicians and surgeons of the hospital, may borrow books from the library, at

any time.

VII. Books may be loaned from the library, only to the governors; to the physicians and surgeons; to their private pupils, subject to the regulations and restrictions as as other students, contained in the 10th section; to the house physician, house surgeon, apothecary, and other officers of the hospital; to those physicians and surgeons, who may have formerly been physicians or surgeons to the establishment; to those who may have served in the hospital, in the capacity of house physician or house surgeon, for twelve months, to the satisfaction of the governors, on the conditions and under the regulations directed in the 10th section, as to students: to the persons who have tickets of admission, from the treasurer, who shall issue them for a year, on receiving two dollars and fifty cents each, or for a quarter, on receiving one dollar each; to persons to whom the privilege, has been specially granted by the governors; and to those who shall acquire it in the manner prescribed in the next succeeding section, and to no others.

VIII. Every person who shall make a donation to the library, of books on medicine, surgery, or such subjects as are connected with medicine and surgery (to be approved of by the library committee) to the amount of twenty-five dollars, or shall pay to the treasurer the same amount in money, shall be entitled to the use of the library, under the regulations pro-

vided as to students.

IX. Of voluminous Collections of distinct books or papers, no person shall be allowed to have out more than one volume, at one time; nor shall any person, except a governor, physician, or

surgeon of the hospital, take out more than a single volume,

at one time, of any kind.

X. No student shall take out any book, without previously depositing with the librarian, a sum of money, amounting, at least, to one third more than the value of the whole work to which the volume belongs: but a student may be relieved from the necessity of making such deposit, by leaving with the librarian, an engagement signed by some respectable permanent resident in the city, in the following form:

"A. B. being, at my request, permitted to use the library be"longing to the society of the New-York hospital, I do hereby promise to pay to the treasurer of the said society, all
such fines and forfeitures, as the said A. B. may become liable to, by virtue of the by-laws and ordinances of the said

"society relating to the library, dated the day of 18

XI. With respect to the following works, viz.

Medical Commentaries and Annals of Medicine;

Physical Essays of Edinburgh; Medical Observations and Inquiries of London;

All Memoirs of Medical or Philosophical Societies; All Medical and Philosophical Journals, Repositories,

Reviews, and Magazines;

And all such other works as the library committee shall direct, when a deposit is to be made, its amount shall be only five dollars for an octavo volume, and ten dollars for a

quarto.

XII. A Folio may be kept out four weeks; a quarto, three weeks; an octavo or duodecimo, two weeks; and if any volume is detained longer, the person who took it out, shall pay a weekly fine of twenty five cents, for every week, beyond the time above specified, until it is returned.

XIII. If a book shall not be returned within three months, it shall be considered as lost, and the person who took it out, shall forfeit his deposit, if he has made any; and if not, then a sum equal to what the deposit would have amounted to, if

any had been made.

XIV. If any person shall lose one or more volumes of a set of books, he may give to the library, a new set equally good with the former; and shall thereupon receive the remainder of the broken set: but unless he immediately do this, he shall incur the forfeiture mentioned in the last foregoing section, and the imperfect set shall be retained.

XV. The books marked thus * in the catalogue, shall be read in the library only; and students may be admitted into

the library to peruse those books, but on no other account whatever. The Registers of Cases, or any other manuscript books, are not to be taken out of the library, without the special permission of the governors.

XVI. When any book is damaged, the librarian shall report it to the library or visiting committee, who shall deter-

mine the fine to be paid by the borrower.

XVII. Every person who shall refuse or neglect to conform to the regulations contained in this chapter, may be refused the further use of the library, by the library or visiting committee.

VIII. When any misunderstanding takes place on the subjects provided for in this chapter, it shall be decided by the

library or visiting committee.

XIX. All fines and forfeitures imposed in this chapter are appropriated to the use of the library. The librarian is to collect and pay them over to the order of the visiting committee, to whom he is also to render an account every month, of such as have been incurred.

SECTION V.

A GENERAL ACCOUNT of the number of patients, admitted into, and discharged from the Hospita!, from February 1st, 1792, to the 31st December, 1810, being a period of 19 years.

Admitted from 1st February, 1792, to the 31st December, 1810.

DISCHARGED, viz.

Cured,	_	_	-				_		9227	
Relieved	, -	-		-		-		-	886	
By requ					~		-		646	
Sent to th		-hou	se,	-		-			187	
Disorder	ly,	-	-		-		-		458	
Eloped,	-		-	-					517	
Died,	-	-	-		-		-		1676	13597
Remaining	in the	Hos	spita	I, Γ	ec)	em	be	r }		966

31st, 1810. 266

amber of patients admitted from the year 1797, to 1810,

The number of patients admitted from the year 1797, to 1810, inclusive, was 13,035, who were natives of the following countries, viz.

Asia,			-		-		-		_		2
Africa,		-		-		-		-		-	134
America,			-		-		**		-		6518
Algiers,		-		-		***				-	1
Denmark,			-		-		-		-		98
England,		-		-		-		-		-	1129
East-Indies	,		-		No		-		-		75
France,		un.		-		-		-		-	206
Germany,			-		-		-		-		364
Holland,		-				-		-		-	143
Ireland,			-		-		-				3164
Italy,		~		-		-		-		_	59
Norway,			-		-		-				24
Prussia,		-		*		-				-	75
Poland,			-		-		-		_		7

										11999
Portugal,	-		-		-		-		-	73
Russia,		-		-		-		-		9
Scotland,	-		-		-		-		-	427
Spain, -		-		-		-		-		83
Sweden, .			-		-		-		-	164
West-Indies,		-		_		-		-		270
Unknown,		-			-		-		-	10
					-					
					T	ota	l,			13,035

Of the above number of Patients, 362 were Lunatics and admitted into the Asylum, viz.

		******	24160		9,000,000	
In	1806	-	-	-	85, including 20 removed from the other house	1
	1807	-	-	-	41	
	1808	-	-	-	65	
	1809	-	-	-	81	
	1810	-	-	-	90	
					362	

DISCHARGED, viz.

Cured,	-	-	-	150
Relieved	, -	-	-	24
By reque		riends	, -	75
Eloped,				24
Died,	-	-	-	33
		- 1		306

Remaining in Asylum, Dec. 31, 1810, 56

A STATEMENT shewing the comparative number of deaths, in each year, during the above period.

Total number of patients in the Hospital, during the year 1792, was 236 of whom 23 died, being 9 in 100

N. B. It may be proper to observe, that few patients apply for admission into the Hospital, until every other resource has been exhausted, and their diseases advanced to their worst stages; and many who meet with sudden accidents, are often brought to the Hospital, in an incurable state, and die of their wounds or fractures, a short time after their admission.

But notwithstanding the increased number of patients during the last three years, the number of deaths has considera-

bly diminished.

SECTION VI.

Names of the Governors, Officers, Physicians, &c.

Governors, elected in May, 1811.

Thomas Eddy, Treasurer, Peter A. Jay, Jacob Sherred, John Bogert, Gilbert Aspinwall, George Newbold, Thomas Franklin, William Johnson, John L. Bowne, John B. Lawrence, Jonathan Little, John Murray, Jun.

Matthew Clarkson, President, Robert Bowne, Vice-President, Thomas Buckley, Secretary, John R. Murray, Samuel Mott, Peter Mesier. John P. Ritter, Frederick De Peyster, James Scott, Andrew Morris, Ebenezer Stevens, Valentine Hicks, Najah Taylor, Matthew Franklin.

PHYSICIANS.

Samuel L. Mitchill, Edward Miller, William Hamersley,

John C. Osborn, James S. Stringham.

Archibald Bruce, Physician to the Asylum.

SURGEONS.

Wright Post, Richard S. Kissam,

Samuel Borrowe, Valentine Seaman.

Noah Wetmore, Superintendant and Steward. Peter C. Tappen, House Physician and Librarian. John C. Cheeseman, House Surgeon. Richard Sadleir, Apothecary. William Greene, Clerk.

SECTION VII.

Names of the Members of the Society of the New-York Hospital.

Those marked thus * are deceased.

A

* Charles Ward Apthorp,

* William Axtel,

* John Alsop,
Gilbert Aspinwall,
Josiah Adams,
Francis Atkinson,
John Atkinson,
William Adamson,
John Jacob Astor,
John Aspinwall,
Stephen Allen,
John Adams.

В

* Grove Bend,

* Evert Bancker,

* Thomas Buchannan,

* Andrew Barclay,

* William Brownjohn,

* Francis Bassett,

* Samuel Bowne,

* Dirick Brinkerh

* Dirick Brinkerhoff, Benjamin Booth,

* Abraham Brinkerhoff,

* Walter Buchannan, Robert Bowne, Goldsbrow Banyar,

* Gerard G. Beekman, Jun. G— G. Beekman, Jun.

* Samuel Bowne, John Barrow,

* James Bowne,

* James Buck, Aaron Burr,

- * Samuel Burling,
- * William Backhouse,

* Dr. John Bard,

* William Bayard, Sen.

* John Bogert,
Robert L. Bowne,
Gerard W. Beekman,
Walter Bowne,
George Bowne,
John Beekman,

* William Bowne,

* Samuel Broome, William Bayard, Jun. James Beekman,

Joseph Byrnes,

* Theophylact Bache,
Samuel Belamy,
Thomas Buckley,
Samuel Bard, M. D.
John Bogert,
John L. Bowne,
Abraham Bell,

Abraham Barker, J. E. R. Birch, Egbert Benson, Divie Bethune,

C

* Peter Clopper, * Henry Cruger,

* Robert Crommeline,

* John Clark,

Henry Cruger, Jun. * Cadwallader Colden,

* Major Edward Clark,

Matthew Clarkson,

* Alexander Colden,

* David Clarkson,

* Cornelius Clopper, John H. Cruger,

* John Crook,

* Isaac Corsa,
Isaac Cock,
Daniel Cotton,

* James Constable, Samuel Corp, John B. Coles, William Constable, Francis Childs, John T. Champlin, Isaac Collins, John G. Coster, De Wit Clinton, John Church, Uriah P. Champlin, 'Thomas Collins, Richard Cunningham, Israel Corse, John Clarke, Jun. Willett Coles, Thos. S. Clarkson, Levinus Clarkson, Duncan P. Campbell, David Clarkson. Matthew Clarkson, Jun. William B. Clarkson, William Cairns, Peter Crary, Jun. Isaac Carow, Thomas Cadle, Tames Concklin.

D

* Elias Desbrosses, Patrick Dennis,

* George Duncan,

*-R. H. John Lord Drummond, William Denning,

* Oliver Delancey,

* James Duane,

* Joshua Delaplaine, Gerardus De Peyster,

* Magdalen Desbrosses,

* Gerardus Duyckinck,

* Abraham Duryee,

* Walter Dubois, Daniel Dunscomb,

* Jacob Doty,
Frederick De Peyster,
David L. Dodge,
John B. Dash,
James F. De Peyster,
Robert G. De Peyster,
Frederick De Peyster,
Jun.
Abraham De Peyster,
Mat. L. Davies,
Cornelius Dubois.

E

Thomas Eddy, Andrew Elliot, Effingham Embree,

* Thomas Ellison, John Elliott, William Edgar,

* Lawrence Embree.

13

* Samuel Franklin,

* Johnstone Fairholme,

* Col. Edward Fanning,

* Thomas Franklin,

* George Folliott, Thomas Fisher,

* Henry Franklin,

* John Franklin,

* Francis Flemming,

* Dr. John Fothergill, of London,

* Walter Franklin, Sen.
Thomas Franklin,
Caleb Frost,

* George Fox, John Franklin, Henry Franklin, Abraham Franklin, Matthew Franklin, Whitehead Fish.

G

* Adam Gilchrist,

* Hugh Gaine, Edward Goold, Robert Gray,

* Andrew Gautier,

* Peter Goelett,

* Nicholas Gouverneur,
Archibald Gracie,
John I. Glover,
John Green,
Cornelius Grinnel,
M. Gelston,
George Griswold,

H

* Daniel Horsemanden,

* Henry Haydock,

Toseph Hallet,

* George Harrison, Nathaniel Hawxhurst, * John Hunter,

David Hosack, M. D.
Benjamin Huntington,
William Hartshorne,
Goold Hoyt,
H. Hammond,
Valentine Hicks,
Oliver H. Hicks,
John Hunter,
Philip Hone,
John Haggerty,
John Hone,
Elias Haines,
William Hamersly, M. D.

Ĭ.

Charles Inglis, Samuel Jones, John Jay,

* James Jauncey,
* Thomas Jones,

* Col. Thomas James,

* Sir William Johnson,

* Simon Johnston,

* Nicholas Jones, William Jauncey,

* John Jones, M. D.
William Johnson,
Amasa Jackson,
Peter A. Jay,
John Jones,
Samuel Jones, Jun.
Joshua Jones,
Naphthali Judah.

K

* William Kelly,

* Benjamin Kissam,

* John Tabor Kemp,

* John Keese,

* Archibald Kennedy,

* Lawrence Kortright, * Joseph Kettletas,

William Kenyon,

* John Knox,
Robert I. Kemble,
Peter Kemble,
Isaac Kibbe,
John Kane,
Peter Kettletas,
Elias Kane.

L

* John Lawrence, John H. Livingston, Sen.

* Dirick Lefferts,

* John Laboyteaux,

* Philip P. Livingston,

* Catharine Lawrence, * Caleb Lawrence,

Robert R. Livingston,

* Cornelius P. Low,

Robert P. Livingston,

* Leonard Lispenard,

* William Livingston,

* Abraham Lott,

* P. V. B Livingston,

* Isaac Low,

* Gabriel H. Ludlow,

* John Livingston, Sen. * Jacob Le Roy, John Leake, Thomas Leggett, Richard R. Lawrence, Leffert Lefferts, John Lamb, Daniel Ludlow, Nicholas Low, William Lawrence, Philip Livingston, Ionathan Little, John B. Lawrence, Herman Le Roy, John C. Letsom, M. D. London, William Leffingwell, William Lovett, Richard M. Lawrence, Thomas Lawrence, John T. Lawrence, Gulian Ludlow, Jacob Le Roy, E. Lyde, Jun. E. Leavenworth,

M

Lindley Murray,

David R. Lambert, Robert Lenox.

* John Murray,

* Alexander M'Dougall, Mary M'Evers,

* John Marston, John Murray, Jun.

* William Maxwell, * Robert Murray,

* Robert Murray,
Alexander M'Comb,

* Roger Morris, * Abraham Mortier,

* Abraham Mesier, * Richard Morris, John Moore,

* William M'Adam,

* Nathaniel Marston,

* John Myer,
Charles M'Evers,
John R. Murray,
Benjamin G. Minturn,
John M'Vickar,
William Minturn,

* Thomas Maule,

* Robert Mott, Moses Myers,

* Sumuel Mansfield,
Andrew Morris,
James Magee,
Jonas Minturn,
Nathaniel G. Minturn,
Samuel Mott,
Robert I. Murray,
Peter Jay Munroe,
Peter Mesier,
James M. Vickar,
Stephen B. Munn,
John Mason.

N William Neilson, George Newbold,

O Thos. L. Ogden, David B. Ogden, Andrew Ogden.

I

* Frederick Pigou, Daniel Phænix,

* Thomas Pearsall,

* John Pell,
Joseph Pearsall,
Thomas Pearsall,

* David Provost, Lewis Pintard, William Post,

* Elijah Pell, Frederick Philips, Henry Post, Jun-Edmund Prior,

* Benjamin Douglass Perkins,

* William M. Pluymert,
Nathaniel Prime,
Jotham Post, Jun.
Allison Post,
Thomas C. Pearsall,
Isaac Pierson.

R

* Jacobus Roosevelt,

* Elizabeth Richards, John Reid,

* Hendrick Rutgers,
Alexander Robinson,
Cornelius Ray,

* Walter Rutherford,

* Isaac Roosevelt,
Henry Rutgers, Jun.
Nehemiah Rogers,
William T. Robinson,
Herman G. Rutgers,
John Peter Ritter,
Silvester Robinson,
W. H. Robinson,
John W. Russell,
Benjamin W. Rogers,
William Rogers,
Nathaniel Richards,
Jacob Radeliff.

S

* Miles Sherbrook,

* Christopher Smith, John Stites,

* Pascal N. Smith,

* George Stafford,

- * Gerard Stuyvesant, Jesse Smith, William Smith,
- * William Seton,
- * John M. Scott,

 * Thomas Smith,
- * Richard Sharp,

* Isaac Sears,

Nicholas Stuyvesaut, Peter Schermerhorn, Ebenezer Stevens, James R. Smith, Edmund Seaman, Comfort Sands,

* William Shedden,

Henry Sadler,

Thomas Stoughton,

Christopher M. Slocum,

James Scott,

Jacob Sherred,

Drake Seymour,

Jacob Schieffelin,

Allen Shepherd,

Gamaliel Smith,

Garritt Stephens,

Isaac Sebring,

John Slidell,

Benjamin Strong,

T

John Thurston,
John Thurman,
John Townsend,
John Titus,
Najah Taylor.

Robert Seaman.

U

William Ustick, Jun. Willam Ustick, Benjamin Underhill.

V

- * Jacobus Van Zandt,
- * James Van Varick,
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920 Moebius. Anatomia Camphoræ, ejus originem qualitates, preparationes chimicas, &c. exhibens, auctore Gothofredo Moebio, M. D. 4to. Jenæ, 1660.

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1004 Paracelsus. De Secretis Creationis Philippi Theo-

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Aureoli Theophrasti Paracelsi Archidoxorum, seu de Secretis Naturæ mysteriis libri decem. 12mo. Basileæ, 1582. 906 Paré. De Chirurgie ende alle de opera ofte Werken van Mr. Ambrosius Paré. Fol. tot Leyden, 1604.

1006 Penotus. Tractatus varii de vera preparatione, et usu Medicamentorum Chemicorum, authore et collectore Bernhardo G. Penoto, a Portu S. Mariæ Augustano. 12mo. Basileæ, 1616.

946 Pepagomenus. Demetrii Pepagomeni, liber de Podagra, Græce et Latine, quem ope MSS. Bibliothecæ, Ludg. Bat. recensuit et notis illustravit, Joh. Steph. Bernard. 8vo. Lugd. Bat. 1743.

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1558.

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907 Register. A Register of the members of the society of the Hospital in the city of New-York, in America, per charter, June 13th, 1771, collected June 1806, and

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M. D. 12mo. Wittebergæ, 1624.

908 — Danielis Sennerti, Vratislaviennis D. et Medicinæ in Academia Wittebergensi professoris publici opera. Fol. tom. 2. Parisiis, 1641.

1029 Smoll. Manuale rerum admirabilium et abstrusarum; edita per D. Godfrid Smoll. 12mo. Hamburgi, 1610.

1030 Taurellus. Philosophia Triumphans, hoc est metaphysica philosophandi methodus, auctore Nicolao Taurello. M. D. 12mo. Basileæ, 1706.

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tista Van Helmont. Fol. London, 1662.

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cum. 4to. Halæ Saxonum, 1634.

934 Weidenfield. Four Books of Johannes Segerus Weidenfield, concerning the secrets of the adepts. 4to. London, 1685.

1026 Zimara. Marci Antonii Zimaræ Antrum Magico-Medicum. 12mo. tom. 2. Francofurti, 1625-6.

ERRATA.

Page 2, 1st line, for Albini, read Albinus. 4, 26th do. Bauhini read Bauhin. 784, read 781. 6, 1st do. 4th do. Bergii read Bergius. 4th do. from bottom, Blancardi, read Blancardi 7, Ist do. Blasii, read Blasius. 15th from bottom, Bohnii, read Bohnius. 8th do. Boneti, read Bonetus. 8, 7th from bottom, Brugmanii, read Brugman. Cœlii, read Cœlius. 12, 19th, Conringii, read Conringius. 26th, 304, read 354. 16, 22d, Gaubii, read Gaubius. 22, 10th,

45, 13th, London, read Edinburgh, 1801. 640, read 646.

The * to be prefixed to page 10, fig. 7, opposite the name of Camper; and page 12, fig. 8, opposite the name of Cooper, as these works are only to be read in the library.

Since the publication of the former part of this Catalogue, the Governors of the Hospita have made the following additional purchases of books. The same regulations apply here, in relation to valuable books of plates.

FOLIO.

Albinus. Tabulæ Sceleti et Musculorum Corporis humani. Leidæ, 1747.

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Allioni. Flora Piedmontana. 3 tom. Augustæ Taurinorum, 1785.

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^{*} This work contains a MS. reference to the figures and descriptions of the preceding editions, and to the plants contained in the Herbarium which accompanies this library.

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Some additional numbers of the English Botany and Botanical Magazine.

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Abernethy. Surgical observations on injuries of the Head and on miscellancous subjects. 8vo. London, 1810.

Cullen. First lines of the Practice of Physic, by Wm. Cullen, M. D. including the definitions of the Nosology with supplementary notes chiefly selected from recent authors, by Peter Reid, M. D. 2 vols. 8vo. Edin. 1810.

Fyfe. A Compendium of the Anatomy of the Human Body, by Andrew Fyfe. 3 vols. 8vo. Edin. 1810.

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Ramsden, surgeon, &c. 8vo. London, 1811.

Stocker. Pharmacopæia Officinalis Britannica being a new and correct translation of the late edition of the London Pharmacopæia, with which are incorporated in alphabetical order, all the Formulæ of the Edinburgh and Dublin Colleges, together with explanatory notes, by Richard Stocker, Apothecary to Guy's Hospital. 8vo. London, 1810.

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